

3-Phase PV Grid-Connected Inverter User Manual

SG3.0RT / SG4.0RT / SG5.0RT / SG6.0RT / SG7.0RT / SG8.0RT / SG10RT / SG12RT / SG15RT / SG17RT / SG20RT



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About This Manual

The manual mainly contains the product information, as well as guidelines for installation, operation and maintenance. The manual does not include complete information about the photovoltaic (PV) system. The reader can get additional information about other devices at **www.sungrowpower.com** or on the webpage of the respective component manufacturer.

Validity

This manual is valid for the following inverter models:

- SG3.0RT
- SG4.0RT
- SG5.0RT
- SG6.0RT
- SG7.0RT
- SG8.0RT
- SG10RT
- SG12RT
- SG15RT
- SG17RT
- SG20RT

They will be referred to as "inverter" hereinafter unless otherwise specified.

Target Group

This manual is intended for inverter owners who will have the ability to interact with the inverter and qualified personnel who are responsible for the installation and commissioning of the inverter. Qualified personnel should have the following skills:

- Training for installation and commissioning of electrical system, as well as dealing with hazards
- Knowledge of the manual and other related documents
- · Knowledge of the local regulations and directives

How to Use This Manual

Read the manual and other related documents before performing any work on the inverter. Documents must be stored carefully and be available at all times.

Contents may be periodically updated or revised due to the product development. The manual content of subsequent versions of the inverter may be subject to change. The latest manual can be found at **support.sungrowpower.com**.

Symbols

Important instructions contained in this manual should be followed during installation, operation and maintenance of the inverter. They will be highlighted by the following symbols.

▲ DANGER

Indicates a hazard with a high level of risk that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

MARNING

Indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

A CAUTION

Indicates a hazard with a low level of risk that, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Indicates a situation that, if not avoided, could result in equipment or property damage.



Indicates additional information, emphasized contents or tips that may be helpful, e.g. to help you solve problems or save time.

Contents

| All | Rights Reserved | l |
|-----|------------------------------------|----|
| Ab | out This Manual | II |
| 1 | Safety | 1 |
| | 1.1 PV Panels | 1 |
| | 1.2 Utility Grid | 1 |
| | 1.3 Inverter | 2 |
| 2 | Product Description | 4 |
| | 2.1 System Introduction | 4 |
| | 2.2 Product Introduction | 5 |
| | 2.3 Symbols on the Product | 7 |
| | 2.4 LED Indicator | 8 |
| | 2.5 Circuit Diagram | 8 |
| | 2.6 Function Description | 9 |
| 3 | Unpacking and Storage | 14 |
| | 3.1 Unpacking and Inspection | 14 |
| | 3.2 Inverter Storage | 14 |
| 4 | Mechanical Mounting | 15 |
| | 4.1 Safety during Mounting | 15 |
| | 4.2 Location Requirements | 15 |
| | 4.2.1 Environment Requirements | 16 |
| | 4.2.2 Carrier Requirements | 16 |
| | 4.2.3 Angle Requirements | 16 |
| | 4.2.4 Clearance Requirements | |
| | 4.3 Installation Tools | |
| | 4.4 Moving the Inverter | |
| | 4.5 Installing the Inverter | |
| 5 | Electrical Connection | 22 |
| | 5.1 Safety Instructions | 22 |
| | 5.2 Terminal Description | |
| | 5.3 Electrical Connection Overview | 24 |
| | 5.4 External Grounding Connection | 25 |

| | 5.4.1 External Grounding Requirements | 26 |
|---|---|----|
| | 5.4.2 Connection Procedure | 26 |
| | 5.5 AC Cable Connection | 27 |
| | 5.5.1 AC Side Requirements | 27 |
| | 5.5.2 Assembling the AC Connector (< 15 kW) | 28 |
| | 5.5.3 Installing the AC Connector (< 15 kW) | 30 |
| | 5.5.4 Assembling the AC Connector (≥ 15 kW) | 31 |
| | 5.5.5 Installing the AC Connector (≥ 15 kW) | 33 |
| | 5.6 DC Cable Connection | 35 |
| | 5.6.1 PV Input Configuration | 36 |
| | 5.6.2 Assembling the PV Connectors | 37 |
| | 5.6.3 Installing the PV Connectors | 39 |
| | 5.7 WiNet-S Connection | 40 |
| | 5.7.1 Ethernet Communication | 40 |
| | 5.7.2 WLAN Communication | 42 |
| | 5.8 WiFi Connection (for Brazil) | 43 |
| | 5.9 Meter Connection | 44 |
| | 5.9.1 Assembling the COM Connector | 44 |
| | 5.9.2 Installing the COM Connector | 46 |
| | 5.10 RS485 Connection | 47 |
| | 5.10.1 RS485 Communication System | 47 |
| | 5.10.2 Assembling the COM Connector | 47 |
| | 5.10.3 Installing the COM Connector | 50 |
| | 5.11 DO Connection | 51 |
| | 5.12 DRM Connection | 51 |
| | 5.13 DI Connection | 52 |
| | 5.14 NS Protection Connection | 55 |
| 6 | Commissioning | 56 |
| | 6.1 Inspection before Commissioning | |
| | 6.2 Powering on the System | 56 |
| | 6.3 App Preparation | 57 |
| | 6.4 Creating a Plant | 57 |
| | 6.5 Initializing the Device | 60 |
| | 6.6 Configuring the Plant | |
| 7 | iSolarCloud App | 68 |
| | 7 1 Brief Introduction | 68 |

| | 7.2 Installing the App | 68 |
|------|------------------------------------|-----|
| | 7.3 Account Registration | 69 |
| | 7.4 Login | 70 |
| | 7.4.1 Requirements | 70 |
| | 7.4.2 Login Procedure | 70 |
| | 7.5 Initial Settings | 72 |
| | 7.6 Function Overview | 73 |
| | 7.7 Home | 74 |
| | 7.8 Run Information | 75 |
| | 7.9 Records | 76 |
| | 7.10 More | 79 |
| | 7.10.1 System Parameters | 80 |
| | 7.10.2 Operation Parameters | 80 |
| | 7.10.3 Power Regulation Parameters | 82 |
| | 7.10.4 Communication Parameters | 86 |
| | 7.10.5 Firmware Update | 87 |
| | 7.10.6 Auto-test | 88 |
| | 7.10.7 SPI(Only for Italy) | 89 |
| 8 \$ | System Decommissioning | 91 |
| | 8.1 Disconnecting the Inverter | 91 |
| | 8.2 Dismantling the Inverter | 91 |
| | 8.3 Disposal of the Inverter | 92 |
| 9 - | Troubleshooting and Maintenance | 93 |
| | 9.1 Troubleshooting | 93 |
| | 9.2 Maintenance | 102 |
| | 9.2.1 Maintenance Notices | 102 |
| | 9.2.2 Routine Maintenance | 103 |
| | 9.2.3 Fan Maintenance | 104 |
| 10 | Appendix | 106 |
| | 10.1 Technical Data | |
| | 10.2 Quality Assurance | 116 |
| | 10.3 Contact Information | 116 |

1 Safety

The device has been designed and tested strictly according to international safety regulations. Read all safety instructions carefully prior to any work and observe them at all times when working on or with the device.

Incorrect operation or work may cause:

- · Injury or death to the operator or a third party;
- Damage to the device and other properties.

All detailed work-related safety warnings and notes are specified at critical points in this manual.

- The safety instructions in this manual cannot cover all the precautions that should be followed. Perform operations considering actual onsite conditions.
- 0
- SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any damage caused by violation of the safety instructions in this manual.
- When installing, operating, and maintaining the device, comply with local laws and regulations. The safety precautions in this manual are only supplements to local laws and regulations.

1.1 PV Panels

▲ DANGER

PV strings will produce electrical power when exposed to sunlight and can cause a lethal voltage and an electric shock.

- Always keep in mind that the inverter is dual power supplied. Electrical operators must wear proper personal protective equipment: helmet, insulated footwear, gloves, etc.
- Before touching the DC cables, operator must use a measuring device to ensure that the cable is voltage-free.
- The operator must follow all warnings on the PV strings and in its manual.

1.2 Utility Grid

Follow the regulations related to the utility grid.

1 Safety User Manual

NOTICE

All electrical connections must be in accordance with local and national standards. Only with the permission of the local utility grid company, the inverter can be connected to the utility grid.

1.3 Inverter

A DANGER

Danger to life from electric shocks due to live voltage

Do not open the enclosure at any time. Unauthorized opening will void warranty and warranty claims and in most cases terminate the operating license.

⚠ WARNING

Risk of inverter damage or personal injury

- Do not connect or disconnect the PV and AC connectors when the inverter is running.
- Wait at least 10 minutes for the internal capacitors to discharge after all electric devices are removed and the inverter is powered off.
- Ensure that there is no voltage or current before connecting or disconnecting the PV and AC connectors.

MARNING

All safety instructions, warning labels, and nameplate on the inverter:

- Must be clearly legible.
- Should not be removed or covered.

A CAUTION

Risk of burns due to hot components!

- Do not touch any hot parts (such as the heat sink) during operation. Only the DC switch can safely be touched at any time.
- Even if the inverter is shut down, it may still be hot and cause burns. Wear protective gloves before operating the inverter after it cools down.

User Manual 1 Safety

NOTICE

Only qualified personnel can perform the country setting. Unauthorized alteration may cause a breach of the type-certificate marking.

Risk of inverter damage due to electrostatic discharge (ESD)!

By touching the electronic components, you may damage the inverter. For inverter handling, be sure to:

- · avoid any unnecessary touching;
- wear a grounding wristband before touching any connectors.

2 Product Description

2.1 System Introduction

The inverter is a transformerless 3-phase PV grid-connected inverter. As an integral component in the PV power system, the inverter is designed to convert the direct current power generated from the PV modules into grid-compatible AC current and feeds the AC current to the utility grid.

A WARNING

- The inverter must only be operated with PV strings with class II protection in accordance with IEC 61730, application class A. It is not allowed for the positive pole or the negative pole of the PV strings to be grounded. This can cause damage to the inverter.
- Damages to the product due to a faulty or damaged PV installation are not covered by warranty.
- Any use other than the one described in this document is not permitted.
- During the installation and operation of the inverter, please ensure that the positive or negative polarities of PV strings do not short-circuit to the ground. Otherwise, an AC or DC short-circuit may occur, resulting in equipment damage. The damage caused by this is not covered by the warranty.

The intended usage of the inverter is illustrated in the following figure.

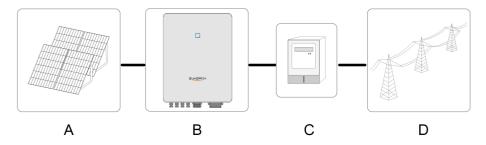


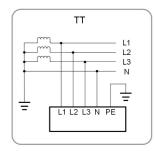
figure 2-1 Inverter Application in PV Power System

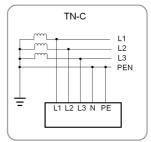
| Item | Description | Note | |
|--------------|-------------|---|--|
| A DV strings | | Compatible with monocrystalline silicon, polycrystalline silicon, | |
| Α | PV strings | and thin-film modules without grounding | |
| B Inverter | I | SG3.0RT, SG4.0RT, SG5.0RT, SG6.0RT, SG7.0RT, SG8.0RT, | |
| | inverter | SG10RT, SG12RT, SG15RT, SG17RT, SG20RT | |

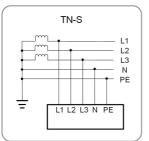
User Manual 2 Product Description

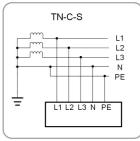
| Item | Description | Note | |
|------|---|--------------------------|--|
| С | Metering device Meter cupboard with power distribution system | | |
| D | Utility grid | TT, TN-C , TN-S , TN-C-S | |

The following figure shows the common grid configurations.





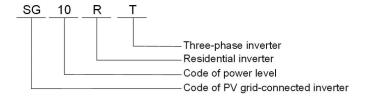




2.2 Product Introduction

Model Description

The model description is as follows (take SG10RT as an example):



Appearance

The following figure shows the dimensions of the inverter. The image shown here is for reference only. The actual product received may differ.

2 Product Description User Manual

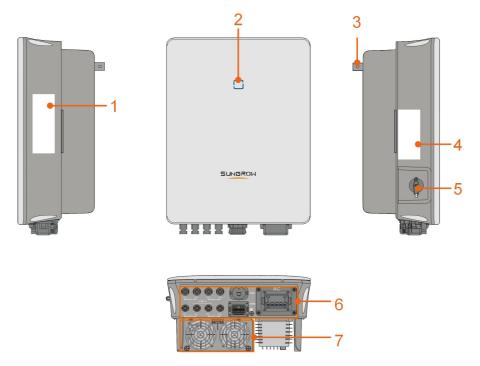


figure 2-2 Inverter Appearance

| No. | Name | Description | |
|----------|--------------------|--|--|
| | | To clearly identify the product, including device model, S/N, | |
| 1 | Nameplate | important specifications, marks of certification institutions, | |
| | | etc. | |
| 2 | LED indicator | To indicate the current working state of the inverter. | |
| | . Hamman | Complement to the included wall-mounting bracket for hang- | |
| 3 Hanger | папуел | ing the inverter. | |
| 4 | 4 | Information about COM2 pin definition, supported DRM | |
| 4 | Label | modes, etc. | |
| 5 | DC switch | To safely disconnect the DC circuit whenever necessary. | |
| | Electrical connec- | DC terminals (SG20RT for example), AC terminal, additional | |
| 6 | tion area | grounding terminal and communication terminals. | |
| 7 | Гана | Optimization of the inverter's heat dissipation. Only the | |
| 1 | Fans | SG15RT, SG17RT and SG20RT are equipped with fans. | |

Dimensions

The following figure shows the dimensions of the inverter.

User Manual 2 Product Description

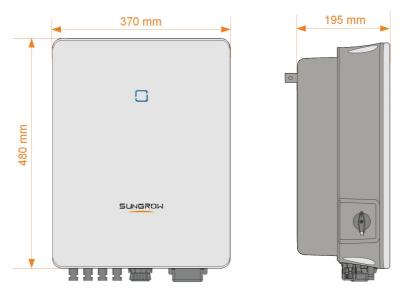


figure 2-3 Dimensions of the Inverter(in mm)

2.3 Symbols on the Product

| Symbol | Explanation | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|
| | Regulatory compliance mark. | | |
| TÜVRheinand CERTIFED | TÜV mark of conformity. | | |
| C€ | CE mark of conformity. | | |
| UK CA | UKCA mark of conformity. | | |
| X | Do not dispose of the inverter together with household waste. | | |
| X | The inverter does not have a transformer. | | |
| \triangle | Disconnect the inverter from all the external power sources before maintenance! | | |
| Ţį. | Read the user manual before maintenance! | | |
| | Burn danger due to the hot surface that may exceed 60°C. | | |

2 Product Description User Manual

| Symbol | Explanation | |
|--------|---|--|
| | Danger to life due to high voltages! | |
| 10min | Do not touch live parts for 10 minutes after disconnection from | |
| | the power sources. | |
| | Only qualified personnel can open and maintain the inverter. | |
| | Additional grounding point. | |

^{*} The table shown here is for reference only. The actual product received may differ.

2.4 LED Indicator

The LED indicator on the front of the inverter indicates the working state of the inverter.

table 2-1 State description of the LED indicator

| LED color | State | Definition |
|-----------|----------|--|
| | On | The inverter is operating normally. |
| Blue | Flashing | The inverter is at standby or startup state (not feeding power into the grid). |
| | On | A system fault has occured. |
| Red | | |
| | Off | Both the AC and DC sides are powered down. |
| Gray | | |

2.5 Circuit Diagram

The following figure shows the main circuit of the inverter.

User Manual 2 Product Description

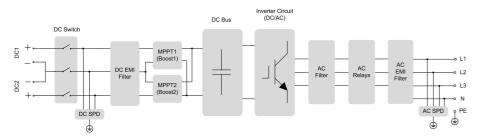


figure 2-4 Circuit Diagram (SG5.0RT for example)

- The DC switch is used to safely disconnect the DC circuit.
- The MPPT is utilized for DC input to ensure the maximum power from the PV array at different PV input conditions.
- The inverter circuit converts the DC power into AC power and generates AC power to loads or utility grid through the AC terminal.
- The protection circuit ensures the safe operation of the device and personal safety.

2.6 Function Description

Basic Function

Conversion function

The inverter converts the DC power from the PV array to the AC power, in conformity with the grid requirements.

Data storage

The inverter logs running information, error records, etc.

Parameter configuration

The inverter provides various parameter configurations for optimal operation. Parameters can be set via the iSolarCloud App or the cloud server. For further configurations, which exceeds the usual parameters configuration, please contact Sungrow.

· Communication interface

The inverter is equipped with two communication interfaces. The communication device can be connected to the inverter via both interfaces.

After communication connection is established, users can view inverter information, operational data and can set inverter parameters through the iSolarCloud.



It is recommended to use the communication module from SUNGROW. Using a device from other companies may lead to communication failure or other unexpected damage.

· Protection Function

2 Product Description User Manual

Several protective functions are integrated in the inverter, including short circuit protection, grounding insulation resistance monitoring, residual current protection, grid monitoring, DC overvoltage/overcurrent protection, etc.

Earth Fault Alarm

The inverter is equipped with a DO relay for the local earth fault alarm. The additional equipment required is a light indicator and/or a buzzer that needs additional power supply.

After the connection, if the earth fault occurs, the DO dry-contact will switch on automatically to signal the external alarm.

DRM ("AU"/"NZ")

The DRM function is only applicable to a single inverter.

The inverter provides terminals for connecting to a Demand Response Enabling Device (DRED). After the connection, the DRED asserts demand response modes (DRMs). The inverter detects and initiates a response to all supported demand response modes listed in the following table.

table 2-2 Demand Response Mode Explanation

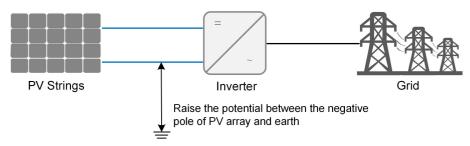
| Mode | Explanation |
|------|---|
| DRM0 | The inverter is in the state of shutdown. |

Ripple Control

The inverter provides terminals (DRM) for connecting to a Ripple Control Receiver (RCR). After the connection, the grid dispatching center issues regulation instructions via dry contact (DI). The inverter can control power output according to the local preset instructions.

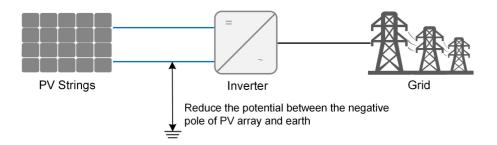
PID Recovery

• For positive voltage scheme, after the PID function is enabled, the voltage to ground of all PV strings is greater than 0, and therefore the PV string-to-ground voltage is a positive value.



For negative voltage scheme, after the PID function is enabled, the voltage to ground of all PV strings is lower than 0, and therefore the PV string-to-ground voltage is a negative value.

User Manual 2 Product Description



NOTICE

- Before enabling the PID recovery function, make sure the voltage polarity of the PV modules to ground meets requirement. If there are any questions, contact the PV module manufacturer or read its corresponding user manual.
- If the voltage scheme for the PID recovery function does not meet the requirement of corresponding PV modules, the PID function will not work as expected or even damage the PV modules.

When the inverter is not running, the PID module will apply inverse voltage to PV modules, to restore the degraded modules.



- If the PID recovery function is enabled, it only works at night.
- After the PID recovery function is enabled, the voltage of the PV strings to ground is 500 V DC by default, and the default value can be modified through the App.

Auto-test (for Italy CEI0-21 Grid Code Only)

The Italy CEI0-21 grid code requires auto-test for the inverter before grid connection. During the auto-test, the inverter checks the protection threshold and protection time of the 1-level overvoltage (59.S1), 2-level overvoltage (59.S2),1-level undervoltage (27.S1), 2-level undervoltage (27.S2),1-level overfrequency (81>.S1), 2-level overfrequency (81>.S2), 1-level underfrequency (81<.S1), 2-level underfrequency (81<.S2) to ensure that the inverter could meet the requirements of CEI0-21 to protect the grid from abnormality after the inverter is operational.

SPI Function(Only for Italy)

The inverter SPI interface, only for Italy, is able to easily choose the grid protection mode based on the local plant requirements:

- Local SPI Mode: protected by the preset values in inverter.
- External SPI Mode: protected by a separate SPI protection device on site.

2 Product Description User Manual

| Plant Size | ≤ 11.08 kVA | | > 11.08 kVA | | |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| SPI | Local S | PI Mode | Local S | PI Mode | External SPI |
| Control | | n Inverter) | (Default i | Mode | |
| Modes | (Delault II | i iliverter) | (Delault II | Tillverter) | Mode |
| SPI In- terface | Integrated in Inverter | | Integrated in Inverter | | Separate SPI Protection Device on Site |
| External SPI Sig- nal Setting | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Local SPI Sig- nal Setting | 0 (Default in Inverter) | 1 | 0 (Default in Inverter) | 1 | 1 |
| FO C1 | 253 V / <u><</u> 603 | 253 V / <u><</u> 603 | 253 V / <u><</u> 603 | 253 V / <u><</u> 603 | 253 V / <u><</u> 603 |
| 59.S1 | s | s | s | s | s |
| 59.S2 | 264.5 V / 0.2 | 264.5 V / 0.2 | 264.5 V / 0.2 | 264.5 V / 0.2 | 264.5 V / <u><</u> 4 |
| | s | s | s | s | s |
| 27.S1 | 195.5 V / 1.5 | 195.5 V / 1.5 | 195.5 V / 1.5 | 195.5 V / 1.5 | 195.5 V / <u><</u> 4 |
| | S | S | S | S | S |
| 27.S2 | 34.5 V / 0.2 s | 34.5 V / 0.2 s | 34.5 V / 0.2 s | 34.5 V / 0.2 s | 34.5 V / <u><</u> 4 s |
| 81>.S1 | _ | 50.2 Hz / 0.1 s | _ | 50.2 Hz / 0.1 s | 51.5 Hz / <u><</u> 4 s |
| 81<.S1 | _ | 49.8 Hz / 0.1 s | _ | 49.8 Hz / 0.1 s | 47.5 Hz / <u><</u> 4 s |
| 81>.S2 | 51.5 Hz / 0.1 | 51.5 Hz / 0.1 | | 51.5 Hz / 0.1 | 51.5 Hz / <u><</u> 4 |
| | S | S | S 54 5 11 - 70 4 | S 5 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 | S |
| 81<.S2 | 47.5 Hz / 0.1 | 47.5 Hz / 0.1 | 51.5 Hz / 0.1 | 51.5 Hz / 0.1 | 47.5 Hz / <u><</u> 4 |
| Notes | s — | s | s — | s | Values from SPI Protection Device on site shall not exceed the above |

AFCI Function(Optional)

AFCI activation

User Manual 2 Product Description

This function can be enabled to detect whether serial fault arc occurs in the loop between PV array and inverter.

AFCI self-test

This function is intended to test whether AFCI works as normal.

Clear AFCI Alarm

When the inverter detects the PID alarm, it stops working. Clear the PID alarm so that the inverter can restart the detection.



The fault arc detection function meets the standard requirements, please test under the working conditions as required by the standard.

3 Unpacking and Storage

3.1 Unpacking and Inspection

The device is thoroughly tested and strictly inspected before delivery. Nonetheless, damage may still occur during shipping. For this reason, please conduct a thorough inspection after receiving the device.

- · Check the packing case for any visible damage.
- · Check the scope of delivery for completeness according to the packing list.
- Check the inner contents for damage after unpacking.

Contact SUNGROW or the transport company in case of any damage or incompleteness, and provide photos to facilitate services.

Do not dispose of the original packing case. It is recommended to store the device in the original packing case when the device is decommissioned.

3.2 Inverter Storage

Proper storage is required if the inverter is not installed immediately.

- Store the inverter in the original packing case with the desiccant inside.
- The storage temperature must be always between -30°C and +70°C, and the storage relative humidity must be always between 0 and 95 %, non-condensing.
- In case of stacking storage, the number of stacking layers should never exceed the limit marked on the outer side of the packing case.
- · The packing case should be upright.
- If the inverter has been stored more than half a year, the qualified personnel should thoroughly check and test it before installation.

4 Mechanical Mounting

M WARNING

Respect all local standards and requirements during mechanical installation.

4.1 Safety during Mounting

A DANGER

Make sure there is no electrical connection before installation.

In order to avoid electric shock or other injury, make sure that holes will not be

In order to avoid electric shock or other injury, make sure that holes will not be drilled over any electricity or plumbing installations.

A CAUTION

Risk of injury due to improper handling!

- Always follow the instructions when moving and positioning the inverter.
- · Improper operation may cause injuries or serious wounds.

In the case of poor ventilation, the system performance may compromise.

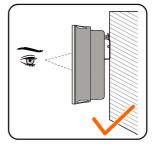
Keep the heat sinks uncovered to ensure heat dissipation performance.

4.2 Location Requirements

Select an optimal mounting location for safe operation, long service life and expected performance.

- The inverter with protection rating IP65 can be installed both indoors and outdoors.
- Install the inverter at a place convenient for electrical connection, operation, and maintenance.



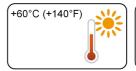


4 Mechanical Mounting User Manual

4.2.1 Environment Requirements

• The installation environment must be free of inflammable or explosive materials.

- The location should be not accessible to children.
- The ambient temperature and relative humidity must meet the following requirements.







- · Avoid direct exposure to sun, rain and snow.
- The inverter should be well ventilated. Ensure air circulation.
- Never install the inverter in living areas. The inverter will generate noise during operation, affecting daily life.

4.2.2 Carrier Requirements

The concrete wall should be capable of withstanding a force of four times the weight of the inverter and be suitable for the dimensions of the inverter.

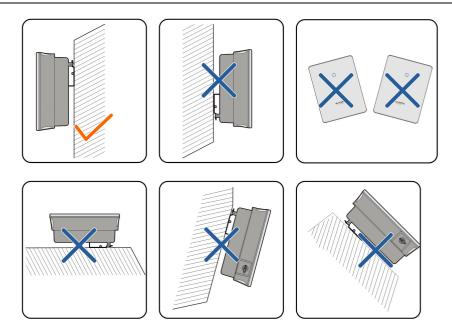
The installation carrier should meet the following requirements:



4.2.3 Angle Requirements

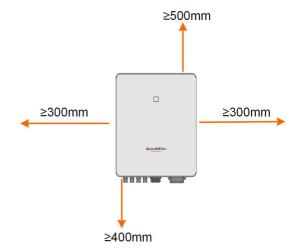
Install the inverter vertically. Never install the inverter horizontally, or at forward/backward tilted, side tilted, or upside down.

User Manual 4 Mechanical Mounting

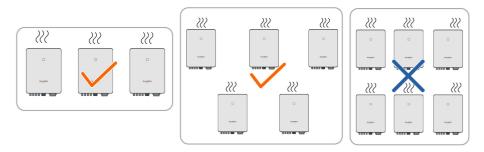


4.2.4 Clearance Requirements

Reserve enough clearance around the inverter to ensure sufficient space for heat dissipation.



In case of multiple inverters, reserve specific clearance between the inverters.



4 Mechanical Mounting User Manual

Install the inverter at an appropriate height for ease of viewing LED indicator and operating switch(es).

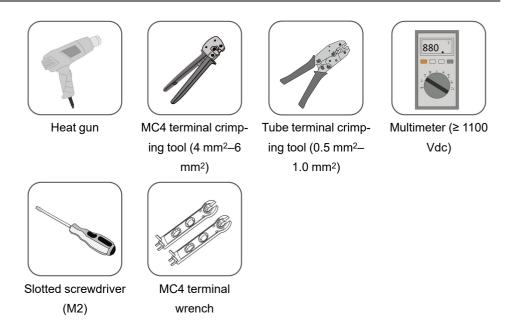
4.3 Installation Tools

Installation tools include but are not limited to the following recommended ones. If necessary, use other auxiliary tools on site.

table 4-1 Tool specification



User Manual 4 Mechanical Mounting



4.4 Moving the Inverter

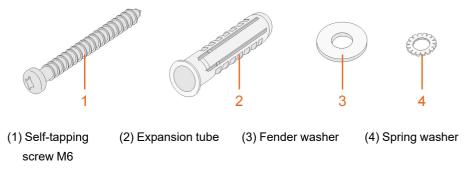
Before installation, remove the inverter from the packing case and move it to the installation site. Follow the instructions below as you move the inverter:

- · Always be aware of the weight of the inverter.
- Lift the inverter using the handles positioned on both sides of the inverter.
- Move the inverter by one or two people or by using a proper transport tool.
- Do not release the equipment unless it has been firmly secured.

4.5 Installing the Inverter

Inverter is installed on the wall by means of wall-mounting bracket and the expansion plug sets.

The expansion plug set shown below is recommended for the installation.

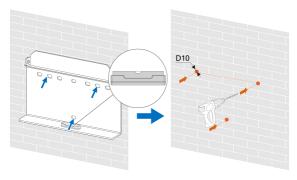


4 Mechanical Mounting User Manual

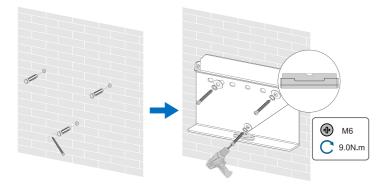
step 1 Place the wall-mounting bracket to a proper position on the wall. Observe the level on the bracket and adjust until the bubble is in the middle position. Mark the positions and drill the holes.

NOTICE

The depth of the holes should be about 70 mm.

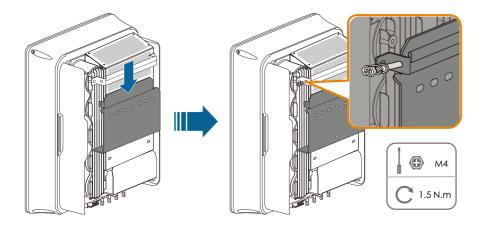


- * The image shown here is for reference only. The actual product received may differ.
- step 2 Place the expansion tubes into the holes. Then secure the wall-mounting bracket to the wall firmly with the expansion bolt sets.



step 3 Lift the inverter and slide it down along the wall-mounting bracket to make sure they match perfectly. Use the fastener set to lock the device.

User Manual 4 Mechanical Mounting



- - End

5 Electrical Connection

5.1 Safety Instructions

Prior to any electrical connections, keep in mind that the inverter has dual power supplies. It is mandatory for the qualified personnel to wear personal protective equipments (PPE) during the electrical work.

A DANGER

Danger to life due to a high voltage inside the inverter!

- · The PV string will generate lethal high voltage when exposed to sunlight.
- Before starting electrical connections, disconnect the DC switch and AC circuit breakers and prevent them from inadvertent reconnection.
- Ensure that all cables are voltage free before performing cable connection.

M WARNING

- Any improper operations during cable connection can cause device damage or personal injury.
- Only qualified personnel can perform cable connection.
- All cables must be undamaged, firmly attached, properly insulated and adequately dimensioned.

NOTICE

Comply with the safety instructions related to the PV strings and the regulations related to the utility grid.

- All electrical connections must be in accordance with local and national standards.
- Only with the permission of the local utility grid company, the inverter can be connected to the utility grid.

5.2 Terminal Description

All electrical terminals are located at the bottom of the inverter.

User Manual 5 Electrical Connection

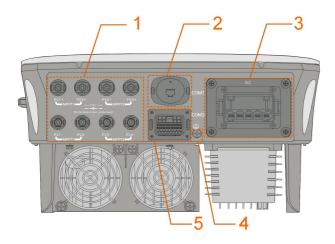


figure 5-1 Terminals (SG20RT for example)

table 5-1 Terminal Description

| No. | Name | Description | Decisive Volt- age Classification |
|-----|--|--|---|
| 1 | PV1+, PV1-, PV2+, PV2-, PV3+, PV3-, PV4+, PV4- | MC4 terminals for PV input. The terminal number depends on inverter model. | DVC-C |
| 2 | COM1 | Communication accessory port to be connected to WiNet-S for countries except Brazil or to WiFi for Brazil. | DVC-A |
| 3 | AC | AC terminal to connect to the grid. | DVC-C |
| 4 | | Additional grounding terminal. | Not applicable |
| 5 | COM2 | Communication connection for DI/ DRM, DO, Logger and smart energy meter. | DVC-A |

The pin definition of COM2 terminal is shown in the following label.

^{*} The image shown here is for reference only. The actual product received may differ.

5 Electrical Connection User Manual

| RSD | | NS | | DRM | | RS485-1 | DO | |
|---------|-------|------|------|------|------|---------|----|-----|
| RSD-1 | RSD-2 | NS-1 | NS-2 | D1/5 | D3/7 | R | A1 | NO |
| В3 | А3 | B2 | A2 | D2/6 | D4/8 | О | B1 | СОМ |
| RS485-3 | | Me | ter | | | | | |

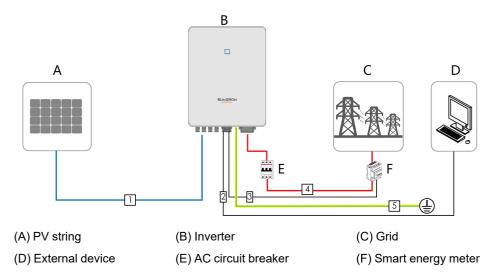
figure 5-2 Label of COM2 Terminal

table 5-2 Label Description of COM2 Terminal

| Label | | Description |
|---------|----------------------------|---|
| RSD | RSD-1, RSD-2 | Reserved |
| NS | NS-1, NS-2 | For inverter emergency stop |
| DRM | D1/5, D2/6, D3/7, D4/8, | For external Demand Response Enabling Device ("AU"/ "NZ") |
| | R, C | For Ripple Control |
| | | For inverter daisy chain |
| RS485-1 | A1, B1 | (Cannot be used simultaneously with COM1 port for WiNet-S) |
| | | External alarm interface, e.g. light indicator and/or buzzer |
| DO | NO, COM | The external DC voltage should not be higher than 30 V and the current not higher than 1 A. |
| RS485-3 | A3, B3 | Reserved |
| Meter | A2, B2 | Smart energy meter interface |

5.3 Electrical Connection Overview

The electrical connection should be realized as follows:



User Manual 5 Electrical Connection

table 5-3 Cable Requirements

| No. | Cable | Туре | Cable Diameter | Wire Conductor Cross-section |
|-----|----------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | DC cable | Outdoor multi-core copper wire cable complying with 1100 V and 30 A standard | 6 mm–9 mm | 4 mm ² –6 mm ² |
| 2 | Ethernet cable | CAT 5E outdoor shielded network cable | 5.3 mm–7 mm | 8 * 0.2 mm ² |
| 3 | Meter RS485 cable | Shielded twisted pair | 5.3 mm–7 mm | 2 * (0.5–1.0) mm² |
| 4 | AC cable (2) | Outdoor 5-core copper wire cable | SG3.0RT to SG12RT: 10 mm- 21 mm SG15RT to SG20RT: 14 mm- 25 mm | mm ² SG15RT to |
| 5 | Additional Grounding cable | Outdoor single-core copper wire cable | The same as that of the PE wire in the AC cable | |

⁽¹⁾ The cable requirements for **COM2** terminal connection are the same.

5.4 External Grounding Connection

MARNING

- Since the inverter is transformerless, neither the negative pole nor the positive pole of the PV string can be grounded. Otherwise, the inverter will not operate normally.
- Connect the external grounding terminal to the protective grounding point before AC cable connection, PV cable connection, and communication cable connection.
- The ground connection of this external grounding terminal cannot replace the connection of the PE terminal of the AC cable. Make sure those terminals are both grounded reliably. Otherwise, SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any damage caused by the violation.

⁽²⁾ All the AC wires should be equipped with correctly colored cables for distinguishing. Please refer to related standards about the wiring color.

5 Electrical Connection User Manual

5.4.1 External Grounding Requirements

All non-current carrying metal parts and device enclosures in the PV power system should be grounded, for example, brackets of PV modules and inverter enclosure.

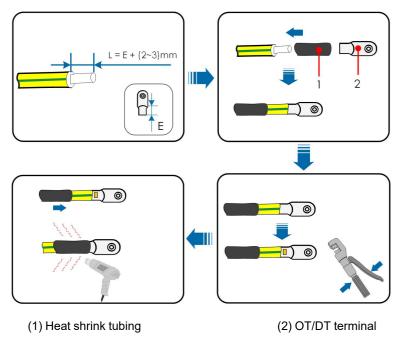
When there is only one inverter in the PV system, connect the external grounding cable to a nearby grounding point.

When there are multiple inverters in the PV system, connect grounding points of all inverters and the PV array frames to the equipotential cable (according to the onsite conditions) to implement an equipotential connection.

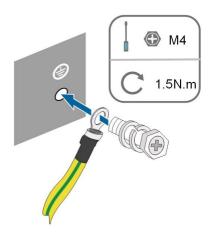
5.4.2 Connection Procedure

Additional grounding cable and OT/DT terminal are prepared by customers.

step 1 Prepare the cable and OT/DT terminal.



step 2 Remove the screw on the grounding terminal and fasten the cable with a screwdriver.



step 3 Apply paint to the grounding terminal to ensure corrosion resistance.

- - End

5.5 AC Cable Connection

5.5.1 AC Side Requirements



Connect the inverter to the grid only after getting an approval from the local electric power company.

Before connecting the inverter to the grid, ensure the grid voltage and frequency comply with requirements, for which, refer to **"Technical Date"**. Otherwise, contact the electric power company for help.

AC Circuit Breaker

An independent three or four-pole circuit breaker must be installed on the output side of the inverter to ensure safe disconnection from the grid. The recommended specifications are as follows.

| Inverter Model | Recommended Specification | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| SG3.0RT/SG4.0RT/SG5.0RT/ | 16.0 | |
| SG6.0RT | 16 A | |
| SG7.0RT/SG8.0RT | 20 A | |
| SG10RT | 25 A | |
| SG12RT | 32 A | |
| SG15RT/SG17RT | 40 A | |
| SG20RT | 50 A | |

NOTICE

Determine whether an AC circuit breaker with greater overcurrent capacity is required based on actual conditions.

- Multiple inverters cannot share one circuit breaker.
- Never connect a load between the inverter and the circuit breaker.

Residual Current Monitoring Device

With an integrated universal current-sensitive residual current monitoring unit included, the inverter will disconnect immediately from the mains power once a fault current with a value exceeding the limit is detected.

However if an external residual current device (RCD) (type A is recommended) is mandatory, the switch must be triggered at a residual current of 300 mA (recommended). RCD of other specifications can also be used according to local standard.

In Australia, a RCD is not required according to the local standard AS3000-2018 when either of the following installation methods is adopted if the PV array capacitance to ground is large (such as a tin roof):

- Use heavy duty conduits (such as metal bushing) when run PV and AC cables through Cavity walls.
- Route the PV and AC cables through pipes (PVC or metal tubing), lay the cables and install them.

Multiple Inverters in parallel Connection

If multiple inverters are connected in parallel to the grid, ensure that the total number of parallel inverters does not exceed 5. Otherwise, please contact SUNGROW for technical scheme.

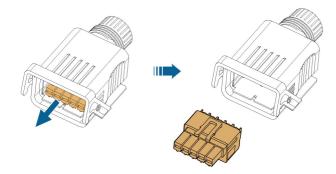
5.5.2 Assembling the AC Connector (< 15 kW)

The AC terminal block is on the bottom side of the inverter. AC connection is the three-phase-four-wire grid + PE connection (L1, L2, L3, N, and PE).

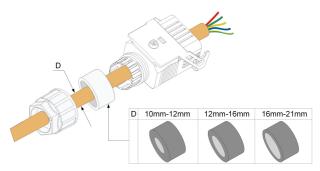
step 1 Unscrew the swivel nut of the AC connector.



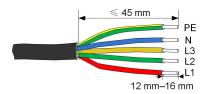
step 2 Take out the spring-loaded terminal from the housing.



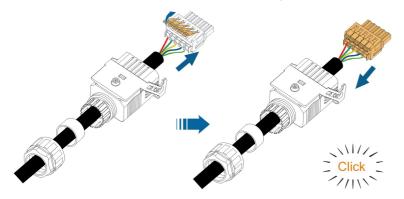
step 3 Thread the AC cable of appropriate length through the swivel nut, the sealing ring and the housing.



step 4 Remove 45 mm of the cable jacket and 12 mm-16 mm of the wire insulation.



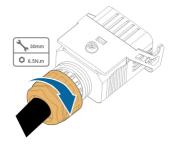
step 5 Open the clamp on the spring-loaded terminal and insert the wires into the corresponding holes. Close the clamp and push the terminal into the housing until there is an audible click.



NOTICE

Observe the terminal assignment. Do not connect any phase line to the "PE" terminal or PE wire to "N" terminal. Otherwise, unrecoverable damage to the inverter may follow.

step 6 Ensure that the wires are securely in place by slightly pulling them. Tighten the swivel nut to the housing.



--End

5.5.3 Installing the AC Connector (< 15 kW)

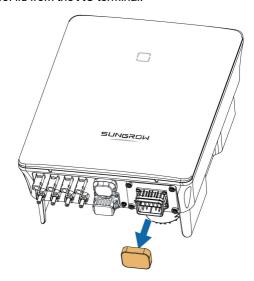
A DANGER

High voltage may be present in inverter!

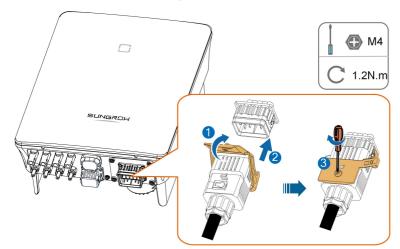
Ensure all cables are voltage-free before electrical connection.

Do not connect the AC circuit breaker until all inverter electrical connections are completed.

- step 1 Disconnect the AC circuit breaker and secure it against reconnection.
- step 2 Remove the waterproof lid from the AC terminal.



step 3 Lift the locking part upwards and insert the AC connector into the **AC** terminal on the bottom side of the inverter. Then press the locking part and secure it with the screw.



step 4 Connect the PE wire to ground and the phase lines and the "N" line to AC circuit breaker.

Then Connect the AC circuit breaker to electric board.

step 5 Make sure all wires are firmly installed via the right torque tool or dragging the cables slightly.

- - End

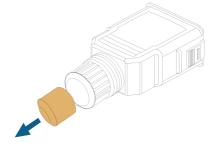
5.5.4 Assembling the AC Connector (≥ 15 kW)

The AC terminal block is on the bottom side of the inverter. AC connection is the three-phase-four-wire grid + PE connection (L1, L2, L3, N, and PE).

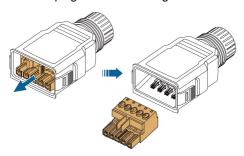
step 1 Unscrew the swivel nut of the AC connector.



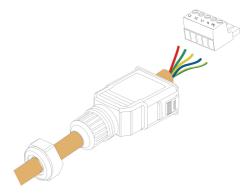
step 2 (Optional) Remove the inner sealing ring if the cable diameter is 19 mm–25 mm. Otherwise skip this step.



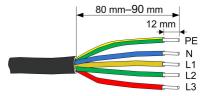
step 3 Take out the screw-type terminal plug from the housing.



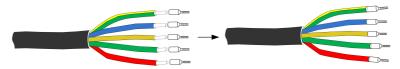
step 4 Thread the AC cable of appropriate length through the swivel nut and the housing.



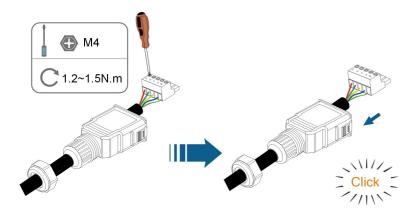
step 5 Remove 80 mm–90 mm of the cable jacket and 12 mm of the wire insulation.



step 6 **(Optional)** When using a multi-core multi-strand copper wire cable, connect the AC wire head to the cord end terminal (hand-tight). In case of single-strand copper wire, skip this step.



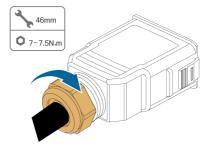
step 7 Fix all the wires to the screw-type terminal according to the assignment and tighten to a torque of 1.2 N•m–1.5 N•m with a screwdriver. Then push the terminal into the housing until there is an audible click.



NOTICE

Observe the terminal assignment. Do not connect any phase line to the "PE" terminal or PE wire to "N" terminal. Otherwise, unrecoverable damage to the inverter may follow.

step 8 Ensure that the wires are securely in place by slightly pulling them. Tighten the swivel nut to the housing.



- - End

5.5.5 Installing the AC Connector (≥ 15 kW)

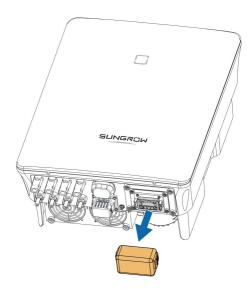
⚠ DANGER

High voltage may be present in inverter!

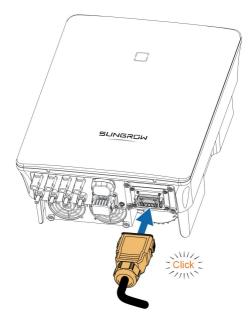
Ensure all cables are voltage-free before electrical connection.

Do not connect the AC circuit breaker until all inverter electrical connections are completed.

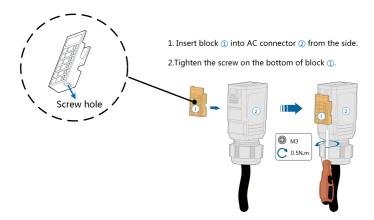
- step 1 Disconnect the AC circuit breaker and secure it against reconnection.
- step 2 Remove the waterproof lid from the **AC** terminal.



step 3 Insert the AC connector into the **AC** terminal on the bottom of the inverter until there is an audible sound.



step 4 (Optional) Secure the AC connector, as shown in the figure below.



step 5 Connect the PE wire to ground and the phase lines and the "N" line to AC circuit breaker.

Then connect the AC circuit breaker to electric board.

step 6 Make sure all wires are firmly installed via the right torque tool or dragging the cables slightly.

- - End

5.6 DC Cable Connection

⚠ DANGER

Danger of electric shock!

The PV array will generate lethal high voltage once exposed to sunlight.

M WARNING

Make sure the PV array is well insulated to ground before connecting it to the inverter.

During the installation and operation of the inverter, please ensure that the positive or negative polarities of PV strings do not short-circuit to the ground. Otherwise, an AC or DC short-circuit may occur, resulting in equipment damage. The damage caused by this is not covered by the warranty.

NOTICE

Risk of inverter damage! Observe the following requirements. Failure to do so will void guarantee and warranty claims.

- Make sure the maximum DC voltage and the maximum short circuit current of any string never exceed inverter permitted values specified in "Technical Data".
- Mixed use of different brand or model of PV modules in a PV string or a compromised PV string design composed with PV modules from rooftops of different orientation may not damage inverter but will cause system bad performance!
- The inverter enters standby state when the input voltage ranges between 1,000 V and 1,100 V. The inverter returns to running state once the voltage returns to the MPPT operating voltage range, namely, 160 V to 1,000 V.

5.6.1 PV Input Configuration

- The inverters SG3.0RT/SG4.0RT/SG5.0RT/SG6.0RT have two PV inputs, SG7.0RT/SG8.0RT/SG10RT/SG12RT have three PV inputs and SG15RT/SG17RT/SG20RT have four PV inputs.
- The inverters have two MPP trackers. Each DC input area can operate independently.
- The PV strings to the same DC input area should have the same type, the same number of PV panels, identical tilt and identical orientation for maximum power.
- The PV strings to two DC input areas may differ from each other, including PV module type, number of PV modules in each string, angle of tilt, and installation orientation.

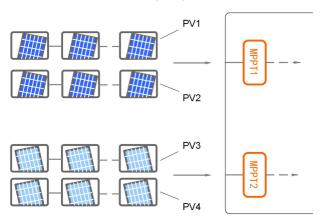


figure 5-3 PV Input Configuration (SG20RT for example)

Prior to connecting the inverter to PV inputs, the specifications in the following table should be met:

| Inverter Model | Open-circuit Voltage Limit | Max. current for input connector |
|----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| All models | 1100 V | 30 A |

The following figure shows the open-circuit voltage limits at different altitudes. Before configuring the PV panels, need to take this derating curve in consideration under high altitude situation.

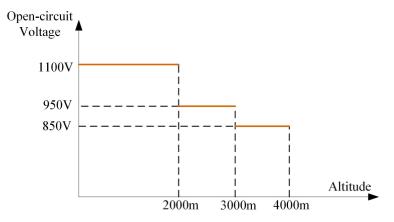


figure 5-4 Open-circuit Voltage Derating Curve

5.6.2 Assembling the PV Connectors

⚠ DANGER

High voltage may be present in the inverter!

- Ensure all cables are voltage-free before performing electrical operations.
- Do not connect the AC circuit breaker before finishing electrical connection.

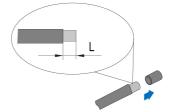
A CAUTION

- Use MC4 DC terminals if the maximum input voltage is no more than 1,000 V.
- Use MC4-Evo2 DC terminals if the maximum input voltage is greater than 1,000
 V. To purchase the MC4-Evo2 DC terminals, contact SUNGROW.
- Select appropriate DC terminals as required above. Otherwise, SUNGROW shall be held no liability for the damage caused.

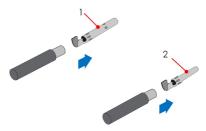


SUNGROW provides corresponding PV connectors in the scope of delivery for quick connection of PV inputs. To ensure IP65 protection, use only the supplied connector or the connector with the same ingress of protection.

step 1 Strip 7 mm-8 mm of the insulation from each PV cable.



step 2 Assemble the cable ends with the crimping pliers.



1: Positive crimp contact

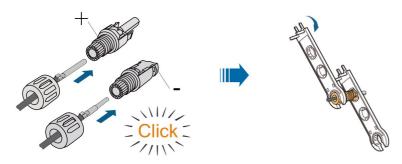
2: Negative crimp contact

step 3 For some countries such as Australia where the DC protection cover delivered separately need to be installed on site, please firstly lead the PV cables through the waterproof terminal on the DC protection cover before assembling the connector. See the guidance with the DC protection cover for details.

NOTICE

PV cables with connectors cannot go through the waterproof terminal on the DC protection cover. Rework may cause damage to the connectors, which will not be covered by the warranty.

step 4 Lead the cable through cable gland, and insert the crimp contact into the insulator until it snaps into place. Gently pull the cable backward to ensure firm connection. Tighten the cable gland and the insulator (torque 2.5 N.m to 3 N.m).



step 5 Check for polarity correctness.

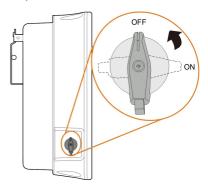
NOTICE

If the PV polarity is reversed, the inverter will be in a fault or alarm state and will not operate normally.

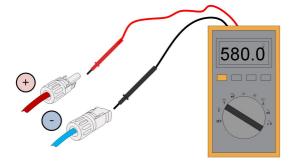
--End

5.6.3 Installing the PV Connectors

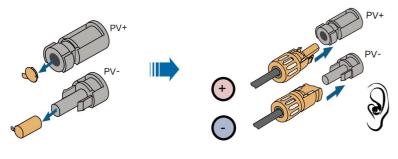
step 1 Rotate the DC switch to "OFF" position.



step 2 Check the cable connection of the PV string for polarity correctness and ensure that the open circuit voltage in any case does not exceed the inverter input limit of 1,100 V.



step 3 Connect the PV connectors to corresponding terminals until there is an audible click.



S005-E046

NOTICE

 Check the positive and negative polarity of the PV strings, and connect the PV connectors to corresponding terminals only after ensuring polarity correctness.

 Electric arc or contactor overtemperature may occur if the PV connectors are not firmly in place, and SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any damage caused due to this operation.

step 4 Seal the unused PV terminals with the terminal caps.

- - End

5.7 WiNet-S Connection

The WiNet-S module supports Ethernet communication and WLAN communication. It is not recommended to use both communication methods at the same time.

The WiNet-S communication for Ethernet cannot be used simultaneously with A1 and B1 terminals for RS485 daisy chain.

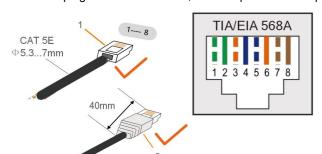
For details, see the quick guide for the WiNet-S module. Scan the following QR code for the quick guide.

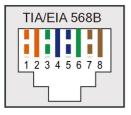


5.7.1 Ethernet Communication

The WiNet-S communication for Ethernet cannot be used simultaneously with A1 and B1 terminals for RS485 daisy chain.

step 1 **(Optional)** Strip the insulation layer of the communication cable with an Ethernet wire stripper, and lead the corresponding signal cables out. Insert the stripped communication cable into the RJ45 plug in the correct order, and crimp it with a crimper.





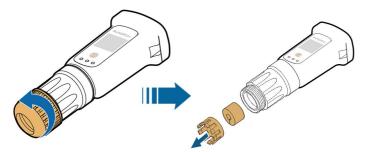
1: RJ45 plug

2 : Protective cap

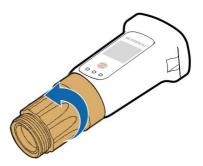


Skip this step if a standard network cable with RJ45 plug is prepared.

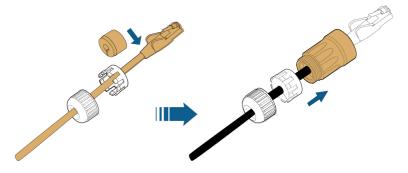
step 2 Unscrew the swivel nut from the communication module and take out the inner sealing ring.



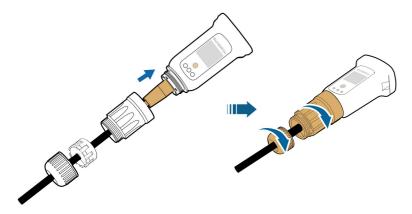
step 3 Unscrew the housing from the communication module.



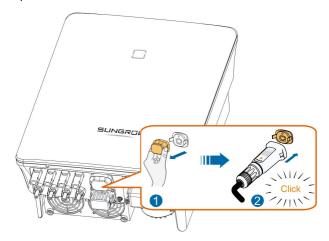
step 4 Thread the network cable through the swivel nut and gasket. Afterwards, route the cable into the opening of the sealing. Finally, insert the cable through the housing.



step 5 Insert the RJ45 plug into the front plug connector until there is an audible click and tighten the housing. Install the gasket and fasten the swivel nut.



step 6 Remove the waterproof lid from the **COM1** terminal and install WiNet-S.

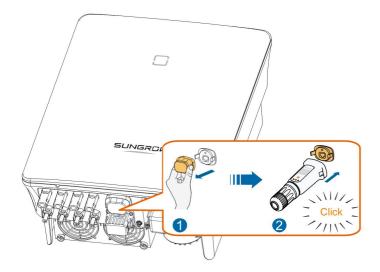


step 7 Slightly shake it by hand to determine whether it is installed firmly.

--End

5.7.2 WLAN Communication

- step 1 Remove the waterproof lid from the **COM1** terminal.
- step 2 Install the module. Slightly shake it by hand to determine whether it is installed firmly, as shown below.

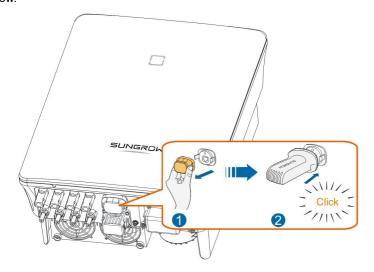


step 3 Refer to the guide delivered with the module for the set-up.

--End

5.8 WiFi Connection (for Brazil)

- step 1 Remove the waterproof lid from the **COM1** terminal.
- step 2 Install the module. Slightly shake it by hand to determine whether it is installed firmly, as shown below.



step 3 Refer to the guide delivered with the module for the set-up.

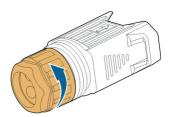
--End

5.9 Meter Connection

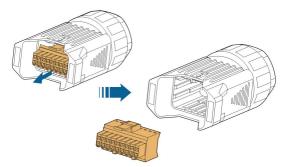
In a single inverter scenario, the Meter (A2, B2) terminals are designed to connect to the Smart Energy Meter for the feed-in power function.

5.9.1 Assembling the COM Connector

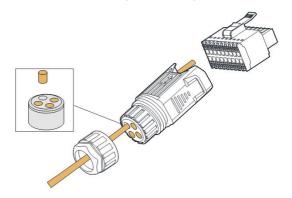
step 1 Unscrew the swivel nut from the connector.



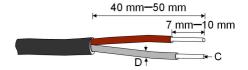
step 2 Take out the terminal block.



step 3 Remove the seal and lead the cable through the cable gland.

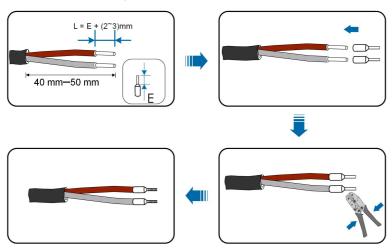


step 4 Remove the cable jacket and strip the wire insulation.



 $C = 0.5 \text{ mm}^2 - 1.0 \text{ mm}^2$, $D \le 2.8 \text{ mm}$

step 5 (Optional) When using a multi-core multi-strand wire cable, connect the wire head to the cord end terminal. In case of single-strand copper wire, skip this step.



step 6 Plug the wires or terminals into the corresponding terminals as shown in the following figure.

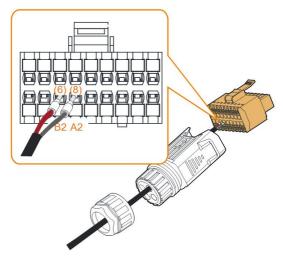
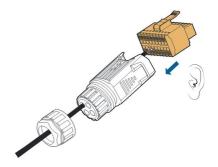
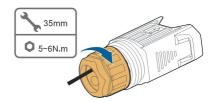


figure 5-5 A2, B2 connection

step 7 Ensure that the wires are securely in place by slightly pulling them and insert the terminal plug into the housing until there is an audible click.



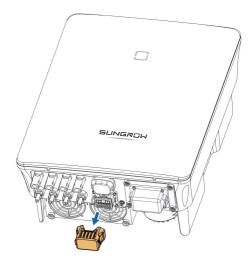
step 8 Fasten the swivel nut.



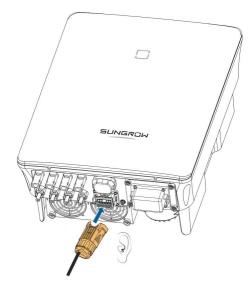
- - End

5.9.2 Installing the COM Connector

step 1 Remove the waterproof lid from the **COM2** connector.



step 2 Insert the COM connector into **COM2** terminal on the bottom of the inverter until there is an audible click.



--End

5.10 RS485 Connection

5.10.1 RS485 Communication System

The RS485 (A1, B1) connection can establish the communication between the inverter and an external device, as well as the communication between two inverters in parallel.

In case of multiple inverters, all the inverters can be connected via RS485 cables in daisy chain manner.

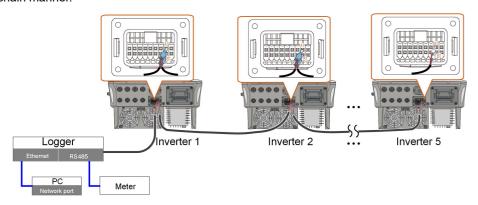


figure 5-6 Multi-inverter Connection

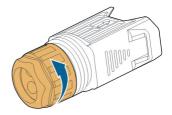
- The maximum number of inverters allowed to be connected in the same point of connection is 5.
- The RS485 communication cable should be shielded twisted pair cables or shielded twisted pair Ethernet cables.



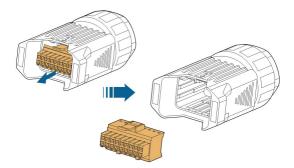
- The RS485 cable between two devices should be not longer than 10 m.
- The RS485 communication cannot be used simultaneously with COM1 port for WiNet-S.
- · Refer to the manual of Logger for the communication connection to the meter.

5.10.2 Assembling the COM Connector

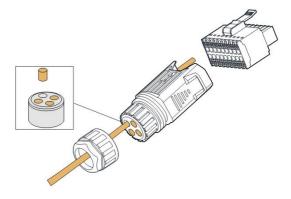
step 1 Unscrew the swivel nut from the connector.



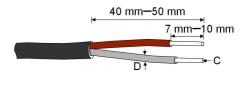
step 2 Take out the terminal block.



step 3 Remove the seal and lead the cable through the cable gland.

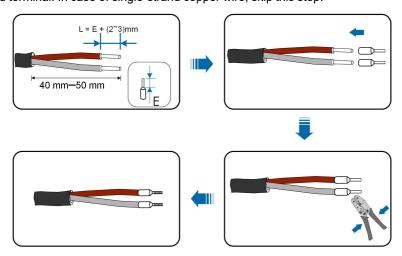


step 4 Remove the cable jacket and strip the wire insulation.



C = 0.5 mm^2- 1.0 mm^2 , D \leqslant 2.8 mm

step 5 (Optional) When using a multi-core multi-strand wire cable, connect the wire head to the cord end terminal. In case of single-strand copper wire, skip this step.



step 6 Plug the wires or terminals into the corresponding terminals as shown in the following figure.

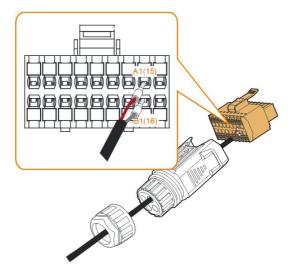
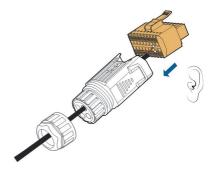


figure 5-7 A1, B1 connection

step 7 Ensure that the wires are securely in place by slightly pulling them and insert the terminal plug into the housing until there is an audible click.



step 8 **For RS485 daisy chain:** Crimp two wires A to a two-wire core end terminal and two wires B to another terminal. Plug the terminals to A1 and B1 respectively.

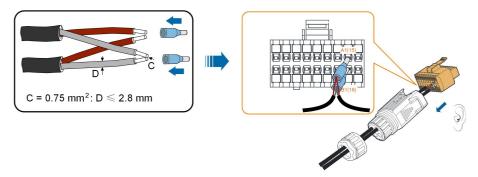
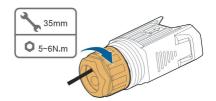


figure 5-8 RS485 daisy chain connection

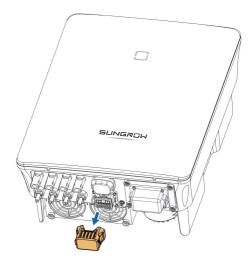
step 9 Fasten the swivel nut.



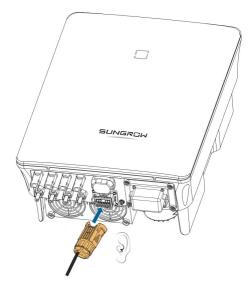
- - End

5.10.3 Installing the COM Connector

step 1 Remove the waterproof lid from the **COM2** connector.



step 2 Insert the COM connector into **COM2** terminal on the bottom of the inverter until there is an audible click.



--End

5.11 DO Connection

The inverter is equipped with a DO relay for an earth fault alarm. The additional equipment required is a light indicator and/or a buzzer that needs additional power supply.

Once fault occurs, the relay trips and the circuit is connected. The external indicator gets on. The relay remains triggered until the fault is removed.

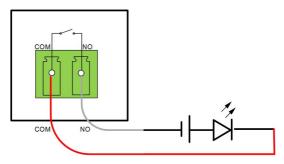


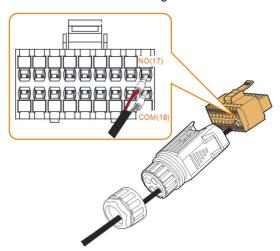
figure 5-9 DO Normal Open Connect

The additional DC power supply should comply with related requirements:

Max. voltage: 30 V

Max. current: 1 A

Refer to section "5.9.1 Assembling the COM Connector" for detailed assembling procedure. Plug the wires to **NO** and **COM** terminals according the labels on the bottom of the inverter.



Refer to section "5.10.3 Installing the COM Connector" to install the connector.

5.12 DRM Connection

In Australia and New Zealand, the inverter supports the demand response modes as specified in the standard AS/NZS 4777.

The following figure shows the wiring between the inverter and the external DRED.

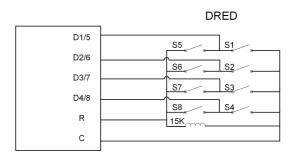
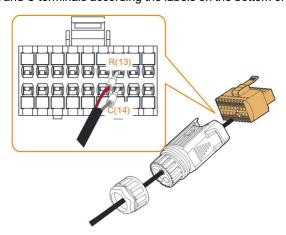


table 5-4 Method of Asserting DRM

| Mode | Asserted by Shorting Terminals on Inverter | Switch Operation on External DRED |
|------|--|-----------------------------------|
| DRM0 | R&C | Close S1 and S5 |

Refer to section "5.9.1 Assembling the COM Connector" for detailed assembling procedure. Plug the wires to **R** and **C** terminals according the labels on the bottom of the inverter.



Refer to section "5.10.3 Installing the COM Connector" to install the connector.

5.13 DI Connection

The grid company uses a Ripple Control Receiver to convert the grid dispatching signal and send it as a dry contact signal.

The following figure shows the wiring between the inverter and the ripple control receiver.

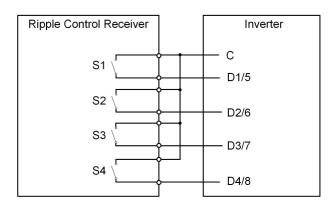
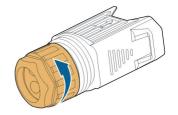


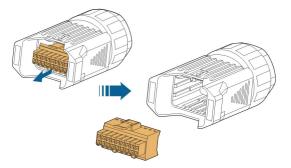
table 5-5 Method of Asserting DI Mode

| S- 1 | S2 | S 3 | S4 | Switch Operation on External RCR | Output power (in % of the Rated AC output power) |
|---------|----|------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|--|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | None | 100 % (configurable according to need) |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Close S1 | 100 % |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Close S2 | 60 % |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Close S3 | 30 % |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Close S1 and S2 | 0 % (disconnect from grid) |

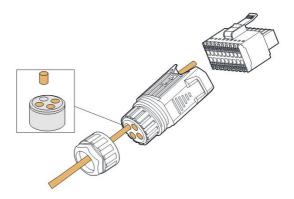
step 1 Unscrew the swivel nut from the connector.



step 2 Take out the terminal block.



step 3 Remove the seal and lead the cable through the cable gland.



step 4 Remove the cable jacket by 7 mm-10 mm.



step 5 Plug the wires into the corresponding terminals as shown in the following figure.

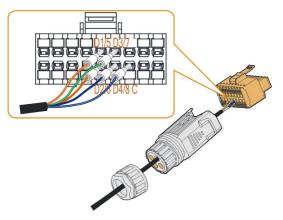
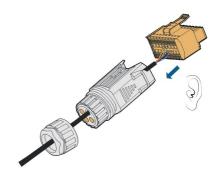
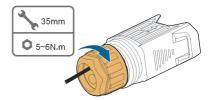


figure 5-10 DI connection

step 6 Ensure that the wires are securely in place by slightly pulling them and insert the terminal plug into the housing until there is an audible click.



step 7 Fasten the swivel nut.



step 8 Refer to section "5.10.3 Installing the COM Connector" to install the connector.

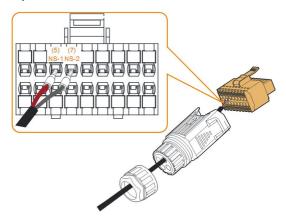
- - End

5.14 NS Protection Connection

NS terminal: NS Protection is used for the German market currently. For plants sized more than 30kVA, inverter NS Protection terminals could be used in daisy chain to external NS Protection Relay to realize emergency stop when the NS Protection Relay changes its dry contact status due to the grid abnormal running status. For detailed assembling procedure for inverters in daisy chain mode refer to section "5.10.2 Assembling the COM Connector". NS Protection(including Passive Valid) can be set. When NS-1 and NS-2 are connected, the inverters will emergently stop; otherwise, the inverters will operate normally. But if NS Protection is enabled on the iSolarCloud, refer to "NS Protection(Passive Valid)", the inverters will operate normally when NS-1 and NS-2 are connected, and the inverters will emergently stop when NS-1 and NS-2 are disconnected.

The recommended wire conductor cross-section is 0.5 - 0.75 mm 2 , and the maximum wiring distance of NS protection loop must be less than 100 m.

Refer to section "5.9.1 Assembling the COM Connector" for detailed assembling procedure. Plug the wires to **NS-1** and **NS-2** terminals according the labels on the bottom of the inverter. When terminals **NS-1** and **NS-2** are turned on by the external NS protection relay, the inverter will stop immediately.



Refer to section "5.10.3 Installing the COM Connector" to install the connector.

6 Commissioning

6.1 Inspection before Commissioning

Check the following items before starting the inverter:

- · All equipment has been reliably installed.
- DC switch(es) and AC circuit breaker are in the "OFF" position.
- · The ground cable is properly and reliably connected.
- The AC cable is properly and reliably connected.
- The DC cable is properly and reliably connected.
- The communication cable is properly and reliably connected.
- The vacant terminals are sealed.
- No foreign items, such as tools, are left on the top of the machine or in the junction box (if there is).
- The AC circuit breaker is selected in accordance with the requirements of this manual and local standards.
- All warning signs & labels are intact and legible.

6.2 Powering on the System

If all of the items mentioned above meet the requirements, proceed as follows to start up the inverter for the first time.

- step 1 Turn on the AC circuit breaker between the inverter and the grid.
- step 2 Rotate the DC switch of the inverter to "ON" position.
- step 3 Turn on the external DC switch (if applicable) between the inverter and the PV string.
- step 4 If the irradiation and grid conditions meet requirements, the inverter will operate normally. Observe the LED indicator to ensure that the inverter operates normally. Refer to "2.4 Indicator Definition" for details.
- step 5 Refer to the quick guide for communication module for its indicator definition.
- step 6 Set initial protection parameters via the iSolarCloud App.
 - For WiFi module, please refer to "7.2 Installing the App", "7.4.2 Login Procedure" and "7.5 Initial Settings".
 - For WiNet-S module, please refer to sections 6.3 to 6.6.
 - - End



User Manual 6 Commissioning

6.3 App Preparation

- step 1 Install the iSolarCloud App with latest version. Refer to "7.2 Installing the App".
- step 2 Register an account. Refer to "7.3 Account Registration". If you have got the account and password from the distributor/installer or SUNGROW, skip this step.
- step 3 Download the firmware package to the mobile device in advance. Refer to "Firmware Upadate". This is to avoid download failure due to poor on-site network signal.
 - - End

6.4 Creating a Plant

Screenshots of creating a plant are for reference only. For details, refer to the actual screen.

step 1 Open the App, tap at the upper right corner and tap **Select Server**. Choose the same server as when registering.

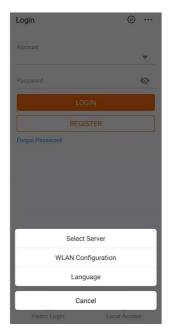


figure 6-1 Selecting the Server

- step 2 Enter the account and password on the login screen and tap **Login** to enter the App home screen.
- step 3 Tap the icon $\stackrel{\textcircled{}}{=}$ at the upper right corner to enter the creating screen.

6 Commissioning User Manual



figure 6-2 Creating Power Plant

step 4 Select plant type to **RESIDENTIAL** and inverter type to **PV**.





figure 6-3 Selecting Plant/Inverter Type

step 5 Scan the QR code on the communication device or manually enter the serial number of the communication device. Tap **Next** after the QR code is identified or the serial number entered is correct and then tap **CONFIRM**. Your mobile device is thus connected to the WiNet-S successfully.



figure 6-4 Connecting Mobile Device to WiNet-S

step 6 Select the Internet access mode to **WLAN** or **ETHERNET** according to actual connection. The following description is for WLAN access mode.

User Manual 6 Commissioning



figure 6-5 Selecting Internet Access Mode

step 7 The **EASYCONNECT INSTRUCTION** screen will prompt. Press the multi-function button on the WiNet-S module once to turn on EasyConnect mode. The WLAN indicator on WiNet-S blinks quickly when this mode is turned on. Return to the App and the screen displays successful connection to the inverter WLAN. Tap **NEXT**.



figure 6-6 Turn on EasyConnect Mode

NOTICE

The EasyConnect mode can be used only when the router is 2.4 GHz. If the EasyConnect mode fails, refer to the WiNet-S quick guide for the instructions of other modes.

step 8 Connect the inverter to router network. Enter network name and password. Tap **NEXT** and the screen display prompt information of successful connection to the router network.



figure 6-7 Connecting Inverter to Router Network

- - End

6 Commissioning User Manual

6.5 Initializing the Device

The inverter is successfully connected to the router.

If there is no latest equipment upgrade package, skip steps 1 and 2.

The actual initializing procedure may differ due to different countries. Please follow the actual App guidance.

step 1 If a latest equipment upgrade package is available, the following prompt window pops up.

Tap **UPDATE NOW** to download the latest update package.



figure 6-8 Upgrade Reminder

step 2 After download, it would take around 15 minutes to update. After successful upgrade, the screen will show the version numbers before and after the upgrade as well as the upgrade time. Tap **NEXT**.





figure 6-9 Upgrading Inverter

NOTICE

If the communication equipment is upgraded, after successful upgrade, check and confirm that the phone is connected to the inverter WLAN.

step 3 Tap **Country/Region** and select the country where the inverter is installed at. The supported countries and corresponding settings are as follows.

| Country/Region | Country Code Setting |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| Australia ("AU") | Australia |
| New Zealand ("NZ") | New Zealand |
| Poland ("PL") | Poland |

User Manual 6 Commissioning

| Country/Region | Country Code Setting |
|--|--|
| Germany ("DE") / Cyprus / Luxembourg | Germany(Cyprus need proper manual settings)* |
| Brazil ("BR") | Brazil |
| Portugal / Hungary / Romania / Greece / Norway /Israel / Switzerland / Slovenia | EN50549-1, with proper manual settings* |
| Chile | Chile |
| Turkey | Turkey |
| France | France |
| Italy | Italy |
| Spain | Spain |
| Egypt | Egypt |
| Ireland | Ireland |
| Lordon | Jordan_G98 |
| Jordan | Jordan_G99 |
| Sweden | Sweden |
| Belgium | Belgium |
| Finland | Finland |
| Denmark | Denmark |
| Thailand | Thailand-MEA |
| i i i ali ali u | Thailand-PEA |
| Netherlands | Netherlands |
| Countries not listed above | "Other 50Hz" or "Other 60Hz" |

^{*} Request guideline for manual settings from Sungrow.

NOTICE

The parameter Country/Region must be set to the country (region) where the inverter is installed at. Otherwise, the inverter may report errors.

step 4 When the country is set to Australia, additionally set the applicable network service provider and then the grid type.

6 Commissioning User Manual



The image shown here is for reference only. Refer to the actual interface for the supported network service providers.

table 6-1 Description of Network Service Provider and Grid Type

| Network Service Provider | Grid Type |
|--------------------------|--|
| AS/NZS 4777.2:2015 | 1 |
| AS/NZS 4777.2:2020 | , |
| Australia A | 1 |
| AS/NZS 4777.2:2020 | , |
| Australia B | 1 |
| AS/NZS 4777.2:2020 | , |
| Australia C | 1 |
| ENERGEX & Ergon Energy | • STNW1170: single-phase < 10 kVA & three-phase < 30 kVA |
| | • STNW1174: 30 kVA < P _n ≤ 1500 kVA |
| Jemena | • ≤ 10 kVA per phase (or 30 kVA per three phase) |
| | ELE GU 0014: 30 kVA–200 kVA |
| Endeavour Energy | MDI 0043 |
| Ausgrid | NS194 |
| CitiPower & Powercor | • ≤ 5 kVA for single-phase & 30 kVA for three-phase |
| | • > 30 kVA three-phase |

User Manual 6 Commissioning

| Network Service Provider | Grid Type | |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| United Energy | • UE-ST-2008.1: ≤ 10 kVA for single- phase & 30 kVA for three-phase | |
| | • UE-ST-2008.2: > 30 kVA three-phase | |
| PowerWater | Embedded Generation Notice Photovoltaic Systems:2020 | |
| | TS129-2019: < 10 kW for single-phase & 30 kW for three-phase | |
| SA Power Networks | • TS130-2017: > 30 kW & ≤ 200 kW | |
| | • TS131-2018: > 200 kW | |
| Horizon Power | • HPC-9DJ-13-0001-2019: ≤ 10kVA for single-phase & 30 kVA for three-phase | |
| | • HPC-9DJ-13-0002-2019: > 30kVA & ≤1MVA | |
| westernpower | EDM # 33612889-2019 | |
| AusNet Services | Basic Micro Embedded Generation: 2020 | |

^{*} For compliance with AS/NZS 4777.2:2020, please select from Australia A/B/C. Please contact your electricity grid operator for which region to use.

step 5 Initialize parameters according to local grid requirements, including grid type, reactive power regulation mode, etc. The screen displays that the inverter is successfully configured.

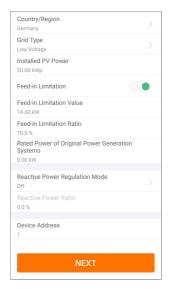


figure 6-10 Initializing Parameters

--End

6 Commissioning User Manual

6.6 Configuring the Plant

The inverter is successfully added to the plant and initialized. Refer to the guidance in previous sections.

The distributor/installer who creates a plant for the end user needs to get the end user's e-mail address. In configuring a plant, the e-mail address is required, and each e-mail address can be registered only once.

step 1 The App screen will display the added inverter. Tap **NEXT** to configure the plant.

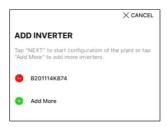


figure 6-11 Display the Added Inverter

step 2 Fill in the plant information. The fields marked with * must be filled in.

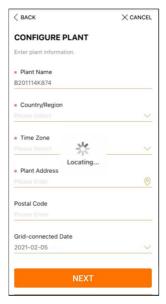


figure 6-12 Entering Plant Information

step 3 **(Optional)** Fill in the tariff information. The electricity price can be set to a specific value or Time-of-Use tariff.

User Manual 6 Commissioning



figure 6-13 Entering Tariff Information

step 4 Fill in the end user's e-mail address. The first time you fill in the end user's e-mail address, the system will create an account for the end user and send an email to the end user. The end user can activate the account via the email.



The Distributor/installer creates plants for the end user and can manage the plants by default.



figure 6-14 Entering Owner's e-mail

step 5 Tap **NEXT** to wait for the inverter to connect to the iSolarCloud.

6 Commissioning User Manual

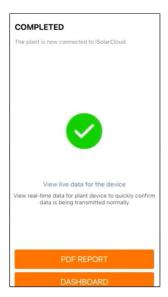


figure 6-15 Configuration Completed

step 6 **(Optional)** Tab **View live data for the device**, tick **Inverter** or **Total Plant Devices** and tab **ALL PLANTS OPEN**. The clock symble indicates that the live data view function is successfully enabled. Tab the inverter to view the live data about voltage, current, power or curve.





figure 6-16 Live Data View Function Setting



Contact Sungrow service to enable live data function of devices. Once enabled, live data function is available for 3 hours per day by default. To make it available for 24 hours, contact SUNGROW.

step 7 Tab **BACK** to the **COMPLETED** screen. Tab **PDF REPORT** to export the plant configuration report.

User Manual 6 Commissioning

step 8 Tab **BACK** to the **COMPLETED** screen. Tab **DASHBOARD** to return and manually refresh the page until the newly created plant is displayed with status commissioned.

- - End

7 iSolarCloud App

7.1 Brief Introduction

The iSolarCloud App can establish communication connection to the inverter via the WLAN, providing remote monitoring, data logging and near-end maintenance on the inverter. Users can also view inverter information and set parameters through the App.

* To achieve direct login via WLAN, the wireless communication module developed and manufactured by SUNGROW is required. The iSolarCloud App can also establish communication connection to the inverter via Ethernet connection.



- This manual describes only how to achieve near-end maintenance via WLAN direct connection.
- Screenshots in this manual are based on the V2.1.6 App for Android system, and the actual interfaces may differ.

7.2 Installing the App

Method 1

Download and install the App through the following application stores:

- MyApp (Android, mainland China users)
- Google Play (Android, users other than mainland China ones)
- App Store (iOS)

Method 2

Scan the following QR code to download and install the App according to the prompt information.



The App icon appears on the home screen after installation.

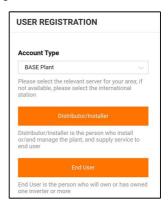


7.3 Account Registration

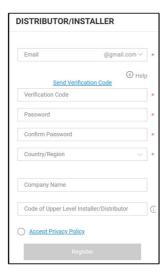
The account distinguishes two user groups, end user and distributor/installer.

- The end user can view plant information, create plants, set parameters, share plants, etc.
- The distributor/installer can help the end user to create plants, manage, install, or maintain plants, and manage users and organizations.

step 1 Tap **REGISTER** to enter the registration screen.



- step 2 Select the relevant server for your area.
- step 3 Select **End user** or **Distributor/Installer** to enter the corresponding screen.



step 4 Fill in the registration information, including email, verification code, password and affirmance and country (region). The distributor/installer has the permission to fill in the company name and the code of upper level distributor/installer.



The code of upper level distributor/installer can be obtained from the upper level distributor/installer. Only when your organization belongs to the upper level distributor/installer organization, can you fill in the corresponding code.

step 5 Tick **Accept privacy protocol** and tap **Register** to finish the registration operation.

--End

7.4 Login

7.4.1 Requirements

The following requirements should be met:

- The AC and DC sides or the AC side of the inverter is powered-on.
- The WLAN function of the mobile phone is enabled.
- The mobile phone is within the coverage of the wireless network produced by the communication module.

7.4.2 Login Procedure

step 1 For the WiNet-S module, press the multi-function button 3 times to enable the WLAN hotspot. No password is required and the valid time is 30 minutes.



figure 7-1 Enabling the WLAN Hotspot

- step 2 Connect the mobile phone to the WLAN network named as "SG-xxxxxxxxxxx" (xxxxxxxxxx is the serial number indicated on the side of the communication module).
- step 3 Open the App to enter the login screen. Tap **Local Access** to enter the next screen.
- step 4 Select **WLAN** and select the device (SN), then enter the password and tap **LOGIN**.
 - If the WiFi signal, serial number or inverter related data information cannot be found, unplug and reinsert the Winet-S or press the multi-function button of the Winet-S three times.



The default account is "user" and the initial password is "pw1111" which should be changed for the consideration of account security. Tap "More" at the lower right corner on home page and choose "Change Password".

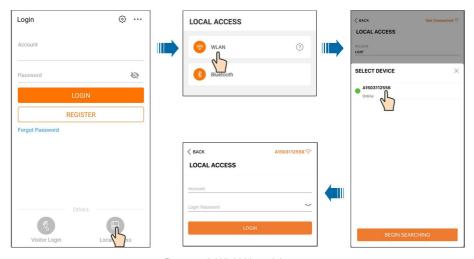


figure 7-2 WLAN Local Access

step 5 If the inverter is not initialized, navigate to the quick setting screen to initialize the protection parameters. For details, please refer to **"Initial Settings"**.

NOTICE

The "Country/Region" must be set to the country where the inverter is installed at. Otherwise, the inverter may report errors.

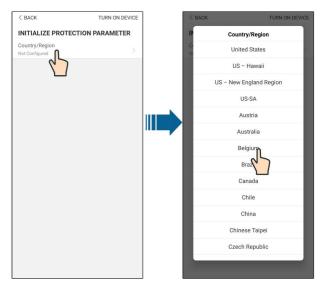


figure 7-3 WLAN Local Access

- step 6 After finishing the settings, tap **TUNR ON DEVICE** at the upper right corner and the device will be initialized. The App will send start instructions and the device will start and operate.
- step 7 After initialization settings, the App will return automatically to the home page.
 - --End

7.5 Initial Settings

Tap **Country/Region** and select the country where the inverter is installed. For countries except Australia and Germany, the initialization is completed.



Countries except
Australia and Germany



The actual initializing procedure may differ due to different countries. Please follow the actual App guidance.

For some countries, you should initialize parameters according to local grid requirements. For details, see "6.5 Initializing the Device".

7.6 Function Overview

The App provides parameter viewing and setting functions, as shown in the following figure.

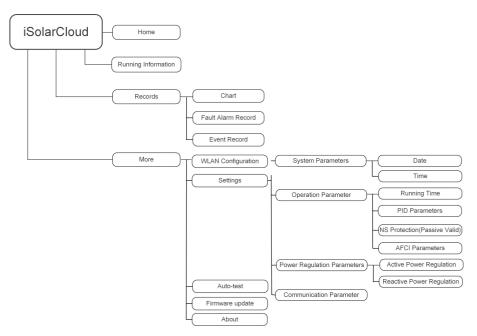


figure 7-4 App Key Function Menu

7.7 Home

Home page of the App is shown in the following figure.



figure 7-5 Home

table 7-1 Home Page Description

| No. | Name | Description | |
|------------------|----------------|--|--|
| 1 | Inverter state | Present operation state of the inverter | |
| | | Shows the PV power generation power, feed-in power, etc. | |
| 2 | Energy flow | The line with an arrow indicates energy flow between con- | |
| 2 | chart | nected devices, and the arrow pointing indicates energy flow | |
| | | direction. | |
| 2 | Real-time | Chave the present output never of the invertor | |
| 3 | power | Shows the present output power of the inverter. | |
| 4 | Nominal power | Shows the installed power of the inverter. | |
| 5 | Today yield | Shows today power generation of the inverter | |
| 6 | Total yield | Shows accumulative power generation of the inverter | |
| 7 Navigation bar | | Includes menus of "Home", "Run Infomation", "Records" | |
| | | and "More". | |

If the inverter runs abnormally, the fault icon \triangle will appear on the upper left corner of the screen. Users can tap the icon to view detailed fault information and corrective measures.

7.8 Run Information

Tap **Run Information** on the navigation bar to enter the screen showing running information, slide the screen upwards to view all detailed information.

table 7-2 Description of Run Information

| Item | Description | |
|----------------------|---|--|
| PV information | Shows voltage and current of every PV string. | |
| Inverter information | Shows basic information such as running state, on-grid running time, negative voltage to grid, bus voltage, internal air temperature, inverter efficiency, etc. | |
| Input | Shows total DC power, voltage and current of MPPT1 and MPPT2. | |
| Output | Shows daily/monthly/annual/total yield, total active/reactive/apparent power, total power factor, grid frequency, phase voltage and current. | |
| Grid information | Shows daily/total feed-in energy, daily/total purchased energy. | |

7.9 Records

Tap **Records** on the navigation bar to enter the screen showing event records, as shown in the following figure.



figure 7-6 Records

Chart

Tap **Chart** to enter the screen showing daily power generation, as shown in the following figure.



figure 7-7 Chart

The App displays power generation records in a variety of forms, including daily power generation graph, monthly power generation histogram, annual power generation histogram and total power generation histogram.

table 7-3 Description of Power Curve

| Item | Description |
|-------|--|
| Daily | Daily curve that indicates the real-time power. |
| Month | Monthly curve that indicates daily yield and equivalent hours in a month. |
| Year | Annual curve that indicates monthly yield and equivalent hours in a year. |
| Total | A curve that indicates annual yield and equivalent hours since installation. |

Fault Alarm Record

Tap Fault Alarm Record to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.

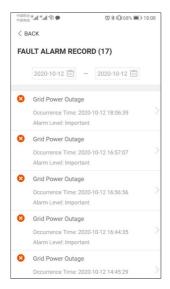


figure 7-8 Fault Alarm Record



Click in to select a time segment and view corresponding records.

Select one of the records in the list and click the record, to view the detailed fault info as shown in following figure.



figure 7-9 Detailed Fault Alarm Information

Event Record

Tap **Event Record** to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.

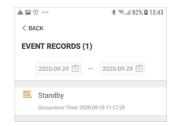


figure 7-10 Event Record



Click to select a time segment and view corresponding records.

7.10 More

Tap **More** on the navigation bar to enter the corresponding screen, as shown in the following figure.

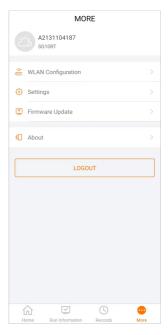


figure 7-11 More

In addition to viewing the WLAN configuration and App software version, the **More** screen supports the following operations:

- Set parameters including inverter system parameters, operation parameters, power regulation parameters and communication parameters.
- Upgrade inverter firmware.

7.10.1 System Parameters

Tap **Settings**→**System Parameters** to enter the corresponding screen, as shown in the following figure.



figure 7-12 System Parameters

Boot/Shutdown

Tap **Boot/Shutdown** to send the boot/shutdown instruction to the inverter.

For Australia and New Zealand, when the DRM state is DRM0, the "Boot" option will be prohibited.

Date Setting/Time Setting

The correct system time is very important. Wrong system time will directly affect the data logging and power generation value. The clock is in 24-hour format.

Software Version

Version information of the current firmware.

7.10.2 Operation Parameters

Running Time

Tap **Settings**→**Operation Parameters**→**Running Time** to enter the corresponding screen, on which you can set the "Connecting Time" and "Reconnecting Time".



figure 7-13 Running Time

PID Parameters

Tap **Settings**→**Operation Parameters**→**PID Parameters** to enter the corresponding screen, on which you can set "PID Parameters".

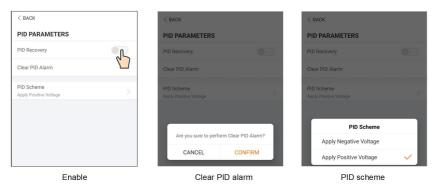


figure 7-14 PID Setting

table 7-4 PID Parameter Description

| Parameter | Description | |
|---|--|--|
| PID Recovery | Set enabling/disabling of the PID night recovery function. PID night | |
| recovery functions between 22:00 pm and 5:00 am by de | | |
| | If ISO impedance abnormality or PID function exception is de- | |
| Clear PID alarm | tected during running of the PID function, the inverter reports a | |
| Clear PID alariii | PID false alarm and reminds the user to take corresponding meas- | |
| | ures. After processing, clear the alarm via this parameter. | |
| PID Scheme | Apply negative or positive voltage. | |



- For the selection of negative or positive voltage, please consult the supplier of PV panels.
- After the PID night recovery function is enabled, the fault indicator on the inverter front panel turns green.

NS Protection(Passive Valid)

Tap **Settings**→**Operation Parameters**→**Regular Parameters** to enter the corresponding screen, on which you can set the "NS Protection(Passive Valid)". When the NS Protection (Passive Valid) button is set to green, the Passive Valid mode is turned on. When the NS Protection(Passive Valid) button is set to gray, the Active Valid mode is turned on.

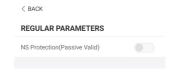


figure 7-15 NS Protection(Passive Valid)

AFCI Parameters(Optional)

Tap Settings→Operation Parameters→AFCI Parameters to enter the corresponding screen, on which you can set "AFCI Parameters".

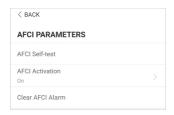


figure 7-16 AFCI Setting

7.10.3 Power Regulation Parameters

Active Power Regulation

Tap Settings→Power Regulation Parameters→Active Power Regulation to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.

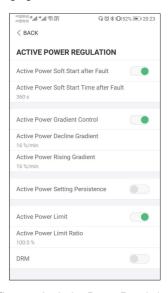


figure 7-17 Active Power Regulation

table 7-5 Description of Active Power Regulation Parameters

| Parameter | Description Range | | |
|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Active Power Soft Start | | | |
| after Fault | On/C of active power soft start after a fault occurs | | |
| Active Power Soft Start | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| Time after Fault | power from 0 to rated value after a fault occurs | to rated value after a fault occurs | |
| Active Power Gradient | Set whether to enable active power gradient | On/Off | |
| Control | control | | |
| Active Power Decline | Decline gradient of inverter active power per | | |
| Gradient | minute | 1%/min– | |
| Active Power Rising | Rising gradient of inverter active power per | 6000 %/min | |
| Gradient | minute | | |

| Parameter | Description Range | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--------|--|
| Active Power Setting | | | |
| Persistence | of active power setting persistence | On/Off | |
| Active Power Limit | t Switch for limiting active power On/Off | | |
| Active Power Limit | imit The ratio of active power limit to rated power in 0.0 %- | | |
| Ratio | percentage 110.0 % | | |
| DRM | Switch for activating/deactivating the DRM | 010# | |
| | function | On/Off | |

Reactive Power Regulation

Tap **Settings**→**Power Regulation Parameters**→**Reactive Power Regulation** to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.



figure 7-18 Reactive Power Regulation

table 7-6 Description of Reactive Power Regulation Parameters

| Parameter | Description | Range |
|----------------------|---|-------------|
| Reactive Power Set- | Switch for activating/deactivating the function | On/Off |
| ting Persistence | of reactive power setting persistence | |
| Reactive Power Regu- | O#IDE (04/0/ID)(0/II) | Off/PF/Qt/Q |
| lation Mode | Off/PF/Qt/Q(P)/Q(U) | (P)/Q(U) |
| Reactive Response | Switch for activating/deactivating the function | 0. /0" |
| Reactive Response | of reactive response | On/Off |
| Reactive Response | Time for reactive response | 0.1 0.600 0 |
| Time | Time for reactive response | 0.1 s-600 s |

"Off" Mode

The reactive power regulation function is disabled. The PF is fixed at +1.000.

"PF" Mode

The power factor (PF) is fixed and the reactive power is regulated by the parameter PF. The PF ranges from 0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging.

- Leading: the inverter is sourcing reactive power to the grid.
- · Lagging: the inverter is injecting reactive power into the grid.

"Qt" Mode

In the Qt mode, the reactive power can be regulated by the parameter Q-Var limits (in %). The system rated reactive power is fixed, the system injects reactive power according to the delivered reactive power ratio. The "Reactive Power Ratio" is set through the App.

The setting range of the reactive power ratio is from -100 % to 100 %, corresponding to the ranges of inductive and capacitive reactive power regulation respectively.

"Q(P)" Mode

The PF of the inverter output varies in response to the output power of the inverter.

table 7-7 "Q(P)" Mode Parameters Explanation

| Parameter | Explanation | Range |
|---------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| Q(P) Curve | Select corresponding curve according to local regulations | A, B, C* |
| QP_P1 | Output power at point P1 on the Q(P) mode curve (in %) | 20.0 %–100.0 % |
| QP_P2 | Output power at point P2 on the Q(P) mode curve (in %) | 20.0 %–100.0 % |
| QP_P3 | Output power at point P3 on the Q(P) mode curve (in %) | 20.0 %–100.0 % |
| QP_K1 | Power factor at point P1 on the Q(P) mode curve | Curve A/C: 0.800 |
| QP_K2 | Power factor at point P2 on the Q(P) mode curve | to 1.000 Curve B: -0.600 to 0.600 |
| QP_K3 | Power factor at point P3 on the Q(P) mode curve | |
| QP_ EnterVoltage | Voltage for Q(P) function activation (in %) | 100.0 %–110.0 % |
| QP_ ExitVoltage | Voltage for Q(P) function deactivation (in %) | 90.0 %–100.0 % |
| QP_ ExitPower | Power for Q(P) function deactivation (in %) | 1.0 %–20.0 % |
| QP_ EnableMode | Unconditional activation/deactivation of Q(P) function | Yes, No |

^{*} Curve C is reserved and consistent with Curve A currently.

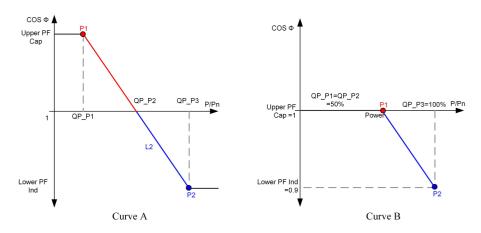


figure 7-19 Reactive Power Regulation Curve in Q(P) Mode

"Q(U)" Mode

The reactive power output of the inverter varies in response to the grid voltage.

table 7-8 "Q(U)" Mode Parameter Explanation

| Parameter | Explanation | Range |
|---------------------|--|----------------------|
| Q(U) curve | Select corresponding curve according to local regulations | A, B, C* |
| Hysteresis Ratio | Voltage hysteresis ratio on the Q(U) mode curve | 0.0 %–5.0 % |
| QU_V1 | Grid voltage limit at point P1 on the Q(U) mode curve (in %) | 80.0 %–100.0 % |
| QU_V2 | Grid voltage limit at point P2 on the Q(U) mode curve (in %) | 80.0 %–100.0 % |
| QU_V3 | Grid voltage limit at point P3 on the Q(U) mode curve (in %) | 100.0 %—120.0 % |
| QU_V4 | Grid voltage limit at point P4 on the Q(U) mode curve (in %) | 100.0 %—120.0 % |
| QU_Q1 | Value of Q/Sn at point P1 on the Q(U) mode curve (in %) | -60.0 % to 0.0 % |
| QU_Q2 | Value of Q/Sn at point P2 on the Q(U) mode curve (in %) | -60.0 % to 60.0 % |
| QU_Q3 | Value of Q/Sn at point P3 on the Q(U) mode curve (in %) | -60.0 % to 60 % |

| Parameter | Explanation | Range |
|------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| QU_Q4 | Value of Q/Sn at point P4 on the Q(U) mode curve (in %) | 0.0 % to 60.0 % |
| QU_ EnterPower | Active power for Q(U) function activation (in %) | 20.0 %–100.0 % |
| QU_ ExitPower | Active power for Q(U) function deactivation (in %) | 1.0 %–20.0 % |
| QU_ EnableMode | Unconditional activation/deactivation of Q(U) function | Yes, No, Yes (Limited by PF) |
| QU_Limited PF Value | Preset PF value | 0–0.95 |

^{*} Curve C is reserved and consistent with Curve A currently.

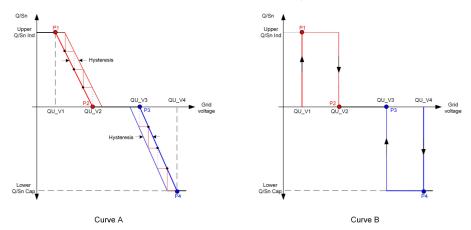


figure 7-20 Reactive Power Regulation Curve in Q(U) Curve

7.10.4 Communication Parameters

Tap **Settings**→**Communication Parameters**→**Serial Port Parameters** to enter the corresponding interface, as shown in the following figure.

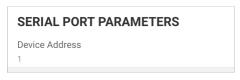


figure 7-21 Serial Port Parameters

table 7-9 Serial Port Parameters

| Parameter | Range |
|----------------|-------|
| Device Address | 1–246 |

MPLC Parameters

Tap **Settings** → **Communication Parameters** → **MPLC Parameters** to enter the corresponding interface, as shown in the following figure.

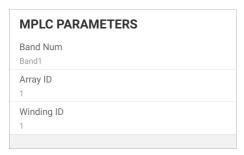


figure 7-22 MPLC Parameters

table 7-10 MPLC Parameters

| Parameter | Range |
|------------|--------------|
| Band Num | Band1, Band2 |
| Array ID | 1–255 |
| Winding ID | 1–10 |

7.10.5 Firmware Update

To avoid download failure due to poor on-site network signal, it is recommended to download the firmware package to the mobile device in advance.

- step 1 Enable the "Mobile data" of the mobile device.
- step 2 Open the App, enter the account and password on the login screen. Tap **Login** to enter the home screen.
- step 3 Tap **More**→**Firmware Download** to enter corresponding screen on which you can view the device list.
- step 4 Select the device model before downloading the firmware. Tap the device name in the device list to enter the firmware upgrade package detail interface, and tap behind the firmware upgrade package to download it.



- step 5 Return to the **Firmware Download** screen, tap <u></u>in the upper right corner of the screen to view the downloaded firmware upgrade package.
- step 6 Login the App via local access mode. Refer to "7.4 Login".

- step 7 Tap More on the App home screen and then tap Firmware Update.
- step 8 Tap the upgrade package file, a prompt box will pop up asking you to upgrade the firmware with the file, tap **CONFIRM** to perform the firmware upgrade.



step 9 Wait for the file to be uploaded. When the upgrade is finished, the interface will inform you of the upgrade completion. Tap **Complete** to end the upgrade.



--End

7.10.6 Auto-test

Tap **Auto-test** to enter the corresponding screen, as shown in the following figure.



figure 7-23 Auto-test

Launch Auto-test

Tap **Launch Auto-test** carry out an auto-test. Auto-testing will take about 5 minutes. When the auto-test is completed, the auto-test report is displayed, as shown in the figure below. Tap **DOWNLOAD** to download the report.

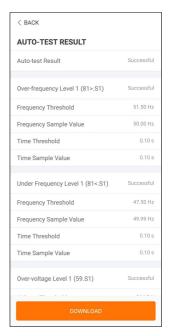


figure 7-24 Auto-test Result

Clear Auto-test Fault

Tap Clear Auto-test Fault→CONFIRM to clear the auto-test fault.



figure 7-25 Clear Auto-test Fault

7.10.7 SPI(Only for Italy)



Contact SUNGROW to obtain the advanced account and corresponding password before setting the SPI parameters.

Unauthorized personnel are not allowed to log in with this account. Otherwise, SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any damages caused.

Tap More—Settings—Protection Parameters—Other Parameters to enter the corresponding screen, on which you can modify the value of "External Signal for Italian Grid" and "SPI Local Signal for Italian Grid", and confirm the settings by enabling "Grid Protection Value Auto Adjustment".



figure 7-26 SPI

8 System Decommissioning

8.1 Disconnecting the Inverter

A CAUTION

Risk of burns due to hot components!

Even if the inverter is shut down, it may still be hot and cause burns. Wear protective gloves before operating the inverter after it cools down.

For maintenance or other service work, the inverter must be switched off.

Proceed as follows to disconnect the inverter from the AC and DC power sources. Lethal voltages or damage to the inverter will follow if otherwise.

- step 1 Disconnect the external AC circuit breaker and secure it against reconnection.
- step 2 Rotate the DC switch to the "OFF" position for disconnecting all of the PV string inputs.
- step 3 Wait about 10 minutes until the capacitors inside the inverter completely discharge.
- step 4 Ensure that the DC cable is current-free via a current clamp.
 - - End

8.2 Dismantling the Inverter

A CAUTION

Risk of burn injuries and electric shock!

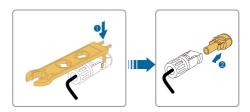
Do not touch any inner live parts until for at least 10 minutes after disconnecting the inverter from the utility grid and the PV input.



Before dismantling the inverter, disconnect both AC and DC connections.

If there are more than two layers of inverter DC terminals, dismantle the outer DC connectors before dismantling the inner ones.

step 1 Refer to "5 Electrical Connection", for the inverter disconnection of all cables in reverse steps. In particular, when removing the DC connector, use an MC4 wrench to loosen the locking parts and install waterproof plugs.



- step 2 Refer to "4 Mechanical Mounting", to dismantle the inverter in reverse steps.
- step 3 If necessary, remove the wall-mounting bracket from the wall.
- step 4 If the inverter will be used again in the future, please refer to "3.2 Inverter Storage" for a proper conservation.
 - --End

8.3 Disposal of the Inverter

Users take the responsibility for the disposal of the inverter.

NOTICE

Some parts and devices of the inverter, such as the capacitors, may cause environmental pollution.

Do not dispose of the product together with household waste but in accordance with the disposal regulations for electronic waste applicable at the installation site.

9 Troubleshooting and Maintenance

9.1 Troubleshooting

Once the inverter fails, the fault information can be displayed on the App interface. If the inverter is equipped with an LCD screen, the fault information can be viewed on it.

The fault codes and troubleshooting methods of all PV inverters are detailed in the table below. The device you purchase may only contain some of the fault information, and when the inverter fails, you can check the corresponding information through the fault codes from the mobile app.



| Fault code | Fault name | Corrective measures |
|--------------|-------------------|--|
| 2, 3, 14, 15 | Grid Overvoltage | Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly: |
| | | Measure the actual grid voltage, and contact the local electric power company for solutions if the grid voltage is higher than the set value. Check whether the protection parameters are appropriately set via the App or the LCD. Modify the overvoltage protection values with the consent of the local electric power operator. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the |
| | | preceding causes are ruled out and the fault persists. |
| 4, 5 | Grid Undervoltage | Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly: 1. Measure the actual grid voltage, and contact the local electric power company for solutions if the grid voltage is lower than the set value. 2. Check whether the protection parameters are appropriately set via the App or the LCD. 3. Check whether the AC cable is firmly in place. 4. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the preceding causes are ruled out and the fault persists. |

| Fault code | Fault name | Corrective measures |
|------------|---------------------------|--|
| 8 | Grid Overfrequency | Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to |
| | | the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the |
| | | fault occurs repeatedly: |
| | | 1. Measure the actual grid frequency, and con- |
| | | tact the local electric power company for solu- |
| | | tions if the grid frequency is beyond the set |
| 9 | Grid Underfrequency | range. |
| | | 2. Check whether the protection parameters |
| | | are appropriately set via the App or the LCD. |
| | | 3. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the |
| | | preceding causes are ruled out and the fault |
| | | persists. |
| | | Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to |
| | | the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the |
| | | fault occurs repeatedly: |
| | | Check whether the grid supplies power |
| | | reliably. |
| | | Check whether the AC cable is firmly in |
| | 0.115 | place. |
| 10 | Grid Power Outage | 3. Check whether the AC cable is connected |
| | | to the correct terminal (whether the live wire |
| | | and the N wire are correctly in place). |
| | | 4. Check whether the AC circuit breaker is |
| | | connected. |
| | | 5. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the |
| | | preceding causes are ruled out and the fault persists. |
| 12 | Excess Leakage Current | The fault can be caused by poor sunlight or |
| | | damp environment, and generally the inverter |
| | | will be reconnected to the grid after the envi- |
| | | ronment is improved. |
| | | If the environment is normal, check whether |
| | | the AC and DC cables are well insulated. |
| | | 3. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the |
| | | preceding causes are ruled out and the fault |
| | | persists. |
| | | |



| Fault code | Fault name | Corrective measures |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| | | Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to |
| | | the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the |
| | | fault occurs repeatedly: |
| | | 1. Measure the actual grid, and contact the lo- |
| 13 | Grid Abnormal | cal electric power company for solutions if the |
| | | grid parameter exceeds the set range. |
| | | 2. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the |
| | | preceding causes are ruled out and the fault |
| | | persists. |
| | | Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to |
| | | the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the |
| | | fault occurs repeatedly: |
| | | 1. Measure the actual grid voltage. If grid |
| | | phase voltages differ greatly, contact the elec- |
| 47 | Orid Maltaga Inchalance | tric power company for solutions. |
| 17 | Grid Voltage Imbalance | 2. If the voltage difference between phases is |
| | | within the permissible range of the local power |
| | | company, modify the grid voltage imbalance parameter through the App or the LCD. |
| | | Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the |
| | | preceding causes are ruled out and the fault |
| | | persists. |
| | | Check whether the corresponding string is |
| | PV Reserve Connection Fault | of reverse polarity. If so, disconnect the DC |
| | | switch and adjust the polarity when the string |
| 28, 29, 208, 448-479 | | current drops below 0.5 A. |
| | | 2. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the |
| | | preceding causes are ruled out and the fault |
| | | persists. |
| | | *The code 28 to code 29 are corresponding to |
| | | PV1 to PV2 respectively. |
| | | *The code 448 to code 479 are corresponding |
| | | to string 1 to string 32 respectively. |



| Fault code | Fault name | Corrective measures |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| 532-547, 564-579 | PV Reverse Connection Alarm | 1. Check whether the corresponding string is of reverse polarity. If so, disconnect the DC switch and adjust the polarity when the string current drops below 0.5 A. |
| | | Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the preceding causes are ruled out and the alarm persists. |
| | | *The code 532 to code 547 are corresponding to string 1 to string 16 respectively. |
| | | *The code 564 to code 579 are corresponding to string 17 to string 32 respectively. |
| 548-563, 580-595 | PV Abnormal Alarm | Check whether the voltage and current of the inverter is abnormal to determine the cause of the alarm. 1. Check whether the corresponding module is sheltered. If so, remove the shelter and ensure module cleanness. 2. Check whether the battery board wiring is loose, if so, make it reliably connected. 3. Check if the DC fuse is damaged. If so, replace the fuse. 4. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the preceding causes are ruled out and the alarm persists. |
| | | *The code 548 to code 563 are corresponding to string 1 to string 16 respectively. *The code 580 to code 595 are corresponding to string 17 to string 32 respectively. |



| Fault code | Fault name | Corrective measures |
|------------|--|--|
| Fault code | Excessively High Ambient Temperature | Generally, the inverter will resume operation when the internal or module temperature returns to normal. If the fault persists: 1. Check whether the ambient temperature of the inverter is too high; 2. Check whether the inverter is in a well-ventilated place; 3. Check whether the inverter is exposed to direct sunlight. Shield it if so; 4. Check whether the fan is running properly. |
| | | Replace the fan if not; 5. Contact Sungrow Power Customer Service if the fault is due to other causes and the fault persists. |
| 43 | Excessively Low Ambi- ent Temperature | Stop and disconnect the inverter. Restart the inverter when the ambient temperature rises within the operation temperature range. |
| 39 | Low System Insulation Resistance | Wait for the inverter to return to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly: 1. Check whether the ISO resistance protection value is excessively high via the app or the LCD, and ensure that it complies with the local regulations. 2. Check the resistance to ground of the string and DC cable. Take corrective measures in case of short circuit or damaged insulation layer. 3. If the cable is normal and the fault occurs on rainy days, check it again when the weather turns fine. 4. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the preceding causes are ruled out and the fault persists. |



| Fault code | Fault name | Corrective measures | |
|------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| | | Check whether the AC cable is correctly | |
| | | connected. | |
| | | 2. Check whether the insulation between the | |
| 106 | Grounding Cable Fault | ground cable and the live wire is normal. | |
| | | 3. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the | |
| | | preceding causes are ruled out and the fault | |
| | | persists. | |
| | | Disconnect the DC power supply, and | |
| | | check whether any DC cable is damaged, the | |
| | | connection terminal or fuse is loose or there is | |
| | | a weak contact. If so, replace the damaged cable, fasten the terminal or fuse, and replace | |
| | | the burnt component. | |
| 88 | Electric Arc Fault | 2. After performing step 1, reconnect the DC | |
| | | power supply, and clear the electric arc fault | |
| | | via the App or the LCD, after that the inverter | |
| | | will return to normal. | |
| | | 3. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the | |
| | | fault persists. | |
| | | 1. Check if the meter is wrongly connected. | |
| | | 2. Check if the input and output wiring of the | |
| 84 | Reverse Connection | meter is reversed. | |
| | Alarm of the Meter/CT | 3. If the existing system is enabled, please | |
| | | check if the rated power setting of the existing | |
| | | inverter is correct. | |
| | | Check whether the communication cable and the terminals are abnormal. If an engreet | |
| | | and the terminals are abnormal. If so, correct them to ensure reliable connection. | |
| | Meter Communication | Reconnect the communication cable of the | |
| 514 | Abnormal Alarm | meter. | |
| | / torrormar / tarm | Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the | |
| | | preceding causes are ruled out and the alarm | |
| | | persists. | |
| 323 | | Check whether the output port is connected | |
| | | to actual grid. Disconnect it from the grid if so. | |
| | Grid Confrontation | 2. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the | |
| | | preceding causes are ruled out and the fault | |
| | | persists. | |



| Fault code | Fault name | Corrective measures |
|----------------------|------------------------|---|
| | | Check whether the communication cable |
| | | and the terminals are abnormal. If so, correct |
| | | them to ensure reliable connection. |
| 75 | Inverter Parallel Com- | 2. Reconnect the communication cable of the |
| 75 | munication Alarm | meter. |
| | | 3. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the |
| | | preceding causes are ruled out and the alarm |
| | | persists. |
| 7, 11, 16, | | |
| 19–25, 30– | | |
| 34, 36, 38, | | |
| 40–42, 44– | | |
| 50, 52–58, | | |
| 60–68, 85, | | |
| 87, 92, 93, | | |
| 100–105, | | |
| 107–114, | | Wait for the inverter to return to normal. |
| 116–124, | | |
| 200–211, 248–255, | System Fault | Disconnect the AC and DC switches, and re- connect the AC and DC switches 15 minutes |
| 300–322, | Oyotom r dan | later to restart the inverter. If the fault still ex- |
| 324–327, | | ists, contact Sungrow Customer Service. |
| 401–412, | | ists, contact oungrow oustomer oct vice. |
| 600–603, | | |
| 605, 608, | | |
| 612, 616, | | |
| 620, 622– | | |
| 624, 800, | | |
| 802, 804, | | |
| 807, 1096– | | |
| 1122 | | |



| Fault code | Fault name | Corrective measures |
|-------------|------------------------------|--|
| 59, 70–74, | | |
| 76, 82, 83, | | 1. The inverter can continue running. |
| 89, 77–81, | | 2. Check whether the related wiring and termi- |
| 216–218, | | nal are abnormal, check whether there are |
| 220–232, | System Alarm | any foreign materials or other environmental |
| 432–434, | System Alami | abnormalities, and take corresponding correc- |
| 500–513, | | tive measures when necessary. |
| 515–518, | | If the fault persists, please contact Sungrow |
| 900, 901, | | Power Customer Service. |
| 910, 911 | | |
| | | 1. Check whether the corresponding string is |
| | | of reverse polarity. If so, disconnect the DC |
| | | switch and adjust the polarity when the string |
| | MPPT Reverse Connection | current drops below 0.5 A. |
| 264-283 | | 2. Contact Sungrow Customer Service if the |
| | | preceding causes are ruled out and the fault |
| | | persists. |
| | | *The code 264 to code 279 are corresponding |
| | | to string 1 to string 20 respectively. |
| | | 1. The inverter can continue running. |
| | | 2. Check whether the related wiring and termi- |
| | | nals are abnormal, check whether there are |
| 222.262 | Boost Capacitor Over- | any foreign materials or other environmental |
| 332-363 | voltage Alarm | abnormalities, and take corresponding correc- |
| | | tive measures when necessary. |
| | | If the fault persists, please contact Sungrow |
| | | Power Customer Service. |



| Fault code | Fault name | Corrective measures |
|------------|------------------------------|---|
| | | Disconnect the AC and DC switches, and re- |
| 204 205 | Boost Capacitor Over- | connect the AC and DC switches 15 minutes |
| 364-395 | voltage Fault | later to restart the inverter. If the fault still ex- |
| | | ists, contact Sungrow Customer Service. |
| | | 1. Check whether the number of PV modules |
| | | of the corresponding string is less than other |
| | | strings. If so, disconnect the DC switch and |
| | | adjust the PV module configuration when the |
| | | string current drops below 0.5 A. |
| 1548-1579 | String Current Reflux | 2. Check whether the PV module is shaded; |
| 1546-1579 | String Current Nemax | 3. Disconnect the DC switch to check whether |
| | | the open circuit voltage is normal when the |
| | | string current drops below 0.5 A. If so, check |
| | | the wiring and configuration of the PV module, |
| | | 4. Check whether the orientation of the PV |
| | | module is abnormal. |

9.2 Maintenance

9.2.1 Maintenance Notices

The DC switch can be secured with a lock in the OFF position or a certain angle beyond the OFF position.

▲ DANGER

Risk of inverter damage or personal injury due to incorrect service!

 Always keep in mind that the inverter is powered by dual sources: PV strings and utility grid.

Before any service work, observe the following procedure.

- Disconnect the AC circuit breaker and then set the DC switch of the inverter to OFF;
- The DC switch can be secured with a lock in the OFF position or a certain angle beyond the OFF position.
- Wait at least 10 minutes for inner capacitors to discharge completely;
- Verify that there is no voltage or current before pulling any connector.

A CAUTION

Keep non-related persons away!

A temporary warning sign or barrier must be posted to keep non-related persons away while performing electrical connection and service work.

NOTICE

- Restart the inverter only after removing the fault that impairs safety performance.
- As the inverter contains no component parts that can be maintained, never arbitrarily replace any internal components.
- For any maintenance need, please contact SUNGROW. Otherwise, SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any damage caused.



Servicing of the device in accordance with the manual should never be undertaken in the absence of proper tools, test equipments or the latest revision of the manual which has been clearly and thoroughly understood.

9.2.2 Routine Maintenance

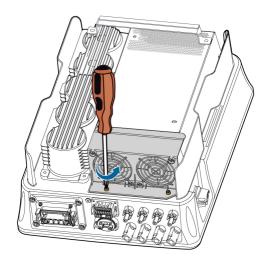
| Item | Method | Period |
|------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| | Check the temperature and dust of the | Six months to a year |
| System clean | inverter. Clean the inverter enclosure if | (depending on the dust con- |
| | necessary. | tents in air) |
| | Check whether all cable are firmly con- | |
| Flectrical | nected in place. | 6 months after commissioning |
| connection | Check whether there is damage to the | and then once or twice a year. |
| Connection | cables, especially the surface in con- | and their office of twice a year. |
| | tact with metal. | |
| | Visual check for any damage or de- formation of the inverter. | |
| General status of the system | Check any abnormal noise during the operation. | Every 6 months |
| | Check each operation parameter. | |
| | Be sure that nothing covers the heat sink of the inverter. | |



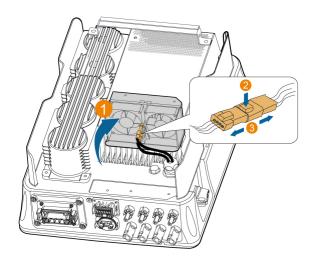
9.2.3 Fan Maintenance

If the inverter has an external fan, when the fan fails to work normally, the inverter cannot be effectively cooled, which will affect the efficiency of the inverter or cause derated operation. Therefore, keep the fan clean and replace the damaged fan in time.

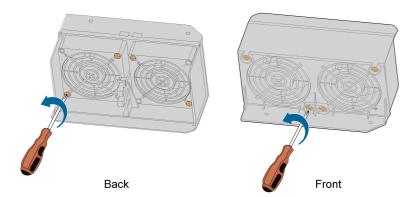
- step 1 Refer to "8.1 Disconnecting the Inverter" to stop the inverter.
- step 2 Refer to "5 Electrical Connection" and disconnect all the cable connections in reverse steps.
- step 3 Refer to "4 Mechanical Mounting" and dismantle the inverter in reverse steps.
- step 4 Unscrew the screws on the fan bracket.



step 5 Lift the fan bracket upwards, press down the protrusion on the fan power plug connector and pull it outwards, and remove the fan bracket.



step 6 Unscrew the screws on the dust covers and remove the dust covers.



- step 7 Use a soft brush or vacuum cleaner to clean the fan. If you need to replace the fan, use a screwdriver to unscrew the screw at the fan bracket and remove the fan.
- step 8 Install the dust covers and then the fan bracket to the inverter. Restart the inverter.

--End

SUNGROW

10 Appendix

10.1 Technical Data

| Parameter | SG3.0RT | SG4.0RT |
|---|------------------------------------|---------|
| Input (DC) | | |
| Recommended max. PV in- | 4.5 kWp | 6.0 kWp |
| put power | | |
| Max. PV input voltage | 1100 V * | |
| Min. PV input voltage / | 180V / 180V | |
| Start-up input voltage | | |
| Nominal input voltage | 600 V | |
| MPP voltage range | 160 V–1000 V | |
| No. of independent MPP inputs | 2 | |
| No. of PV strings per MPPT | 1/1 | |
| Max. PV input current | 25 A (12.5 A / 12.5 A) | |
| Max. DC short-circuit | 32 A (16 A / 16 A) | |
| current | 02 A (10 A / 10 A) | |
| Output (AC) | | |
| Nominal AC power (@ 230 V, 50 Hz) | 3000 W | 4000 W |
| Max. AC output power | 3300VA | 4400VA |
| Max. AC output current | 5.1A | 6.8A |
| | 3 / N / PE, 220 V / 380 V | |
| Nominal AC voltage | 3 / N / PE, 230 V / 400 V | |
| | 3 / N / PE, 240 V / 415 V | |
| AC voltage range | 180 V-276 V / 311 V-478 V | |
| Nominal grid frequency / | 50 Hz / (45 Hz–55 Hz) | |
| Grid frequency range | 60 Hz / (55 Hz–65 Hz) | |
| Harmonic (THD) | < 5 % (at nominal power) | |
| Power factor at nominal power / Adjustable power factor | > 0.99 / 0.8 leading - 0.8 lagging | |
| Feed-in phases / connection phases | 3/3 | |

| Parameter | SG3.0RT | SG4.0RT |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| Efficiency | | |
| Max. efficiency | 98.20 % | |
| European efficiency | 96.50 % | 97.00 % |
| Protection & Function | | |
| Grid monitoring | Yes | |
| DC reverse connection | Yes | |
| protection | | |
| AC short-circuit protection | Yes | |
| Leakage current protection | Yes | |
| DC switch | Yes | |
| PID recovery function | Yes | |
| Surge Protection | DC Type II / AC Type II | |
| Arc fault circuit interrupter | optional | |
| (AFCI) | | |
| General Data | | |
| Dimensions (W x H x D) | 370 mm x 480 mm x 195 mm | |
| Mounting method | Wall-mounting bracket | |
| Weight | 18 kg | |
| Topology | Transformerless | |
| Degree of protection | IP65 | |
| Operating ambient temper- | -25°C to +60°C | |
| ature range | | |
| Allowable relative humidity | 0–100 % | |
| range (non-condensing) | | |
| Max. operating altitude | 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) | |
| Cooling method | Natural cooling | |
| Display | LED | |
| Communication | WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / D | I/DO |
| DC connection type | MC4 (Max. 6 mm ²) | |
| AC connection type | Plug and play | |

^{*} The inverter enters standby state when the input voltage ranges between 1,000 V and 1,100 V. If the maximum DC voltage in the system can exceed 1,000 V, the MC4 connectors included in the scope of delivery must not be used. In this case MC4-Evo2 connectors must be used.

| Parameter | SG5.0RT | SG6.0RT |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Input (DC) | | |
| Recommended max. PV in- | 7.5 kWp | 9.0 kWp |
| put power | | |
| Max. PV input voltage | 1100 V * | |
| Min. PV input voltage / | 400 \ / / 400 \ / | |
| Start-up input voltage | 180 V / 180 V | |
| Nominal input voltage | 600 V | |
| MPP voltage range | 160 V–1000 V | |
| No. of independent MPP | 0 | |
| inputs | 2 | |
| No. of of PV strings per | 1/1 | |
| MPPT | 1 / 1 | |
| Max. PV input current | 25 A (12.5 A / 12.5 A) | |
| Max. DC short-circuit | 32 A (16 A / 16 A) | |
| current | 0271 (1071/1071) | |
| Output (AC) | | |
| Nominal AC power (@ 230 | 5000 W | 6000 W |
| V, 50 Hz) | 3000 VV | 0000 VV |
| Max. AC output power | 5000 VA for "AU", "BE", | 6000 VA for "AU", "BE", |
| | "DE", 5500 VA for others | "DE", 6600 VA for others |
| Rated AC output apparent | 5000 VA for "AU", "BE", | 6000 VA for "AU", "BE", |
| power | "DE", 5500 VA for others | "DE", 6600 VA for others |
| Max. AC output current | 7.6 A for "AU", 8.3 A for | 9.1 A for "AU", 10 A for |
| | others | others |
| | 3 / N / PE, 220 V / 380 V | |
| Nominal AC voltage | 3 / N / PE, 230 V / 400 V | |
| | 3 / N / PE, 240 V / 415 V | |
| AC voltage range | 180 V-276 V / 311 V-478 V | |
| Nominal grid frequency / | 50 Hz / (45 Hz-55 Hz) | |
| Grid frequency range | 60 Hz / (55 Hz-65 Hz) | |
| Harmonic (THD) | < 3 % (at rated power) | |
| Power factor at nominal | | |
| power / Adjustable power | > 0.99 / 0.8 leading – 0.8 lagging | |
| factor | | |
| Feed-in phases / connec- | 3 / 3-PE | |
| tion phases | | |
| Efficiency | | |

| Parameter | SG5.0RT | SG6.0RT |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| Max. efficiency | 98.40 % | |
| European efficiency | 97.40 % | |
| Protection & Function | | |
| Grid monitoring | Yes | |
| DC reverse connection | Yes | |
| protection | | |
| AC short-circuit protection | Yes | |
| Leakage current protection | Yes | |
| DC switch | optional** | |
| PID recovery function | Yes | |
| Surge Protection | DC Type II / AC Type II | |
| Arc fault circuit interrupter | optional | |
| (AFCI) | | |
| General Data | | |
| Dimensions (W x H x D) | 370 mm x 480 mm x 195 mm | |
| Mounting method | Wall-mounting bracket | |
| Weight | 18 kg | |
| Topology | Transformerless | |
| Degree of protection | IP65 | |
| Operating ambient temper- | -25°C to +60°C | |
| ature range | -25 C to +60 C | |
| Allowable relative humidity | 0–100 % | |
| range (non-condensing) | 0-100 /0 | |
| Max. operating altitude | 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) | |
| Cooling method | Natural cooling | |
| Display | LED | |
| Communication | WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / D | I / DO |
| DC connection type | MC4 (Max. 6 mm ²) | |
| AC connection type | Plug and play | |
| Country of manufacture | China | |

^{*} The inverter enters standby state when the input voltage ranges between 1,000 V and 1,100 V. If the maximum DC voltage in the system can exceed 1,000 V, the MC4 connectors included in the scope of delivery must not be used. In this case MC4-Evo2 connectors must be used.

^{**} For inverters without a DC switch, it is necessary to prepare an external DC switch according to AS 60947.3.

| Parameter | SG7.0RT | SG8.0RT |
|----------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Input (DC) | | |
| Recommended max. PV in- | 40 E IAM | 40 1/1/1/2 |
| put power | 10.5 kWp | 12 kWp |
| Max. PV input voltage | 1100 V * | |
| Min. PV input voltage / | 180 V / 180 V | |
| Start-up input voltage | 100 V / 100 V | |
| Nominal input voltage | 600 V | |
| MPP voltage range | 160 V–1000 V | |
| No. of independent MPP | 2 | |
| inputs | 2 | |
| No. of PV strings per MPPT | 2/1 | |
| Max. PV input current | 37.5 A (25 A / 12.5 A) | |
| Max. DC short-circuit | 48 A (32 A / 16 A) | |
| current | | |
| Output (AC) | | |
| Nominal AC power (@ 230 | 6999 W for "AU", 7000 W | 8000 W |
| V, 50 Hz) | for others | |
| | 6999 VA for "AU", 7000 VA | 8000 VA for "AU", "BE", |
| Max. AC output power | for "BE", "DE", 7700 VA for | "DE", 8800 VA for others |
| | others | |
| Rated AC output apparent | 6999 VA for "AU", 7000 VA for "BE", "DE", 7700 VA for | 8000 VA for "AU", "BE", |
| power | others | "DE", 8800 VA for others |
| | 10.6 A for "AU", 11.7 A for | 12.2 A for "AU", 13.3 A for |
| Max. AC output current | others | others |
| | 3 / N / PE, 220 V / 380 V | |
| Nominal AC voltage | 3 / N / PE, 230 V / 400 V | |
| | 3 / N / PE, 240 V / 415 V | |
| AC voltage range | 180 V-276 V / 311 V-478 V | |
| Nominal grid frequency / | 50 Hz / (45 Hz–55 Hz) | |
| Grid frequency range | 60 Hz / (55 Hz–65 Hz) | |
| Harmonic (THD) | < 3 % (at rated power) | |
| Power factor at nominal | | |
| power / Adjustable power | > 0.99 / 0.8 leading – 0.8 lagging | |
| factor | | |
| Feed-in phases / connec- | 3 / 3-PE | |
| tion phases | | |

| Parameter | SG7.0RT | SG8.0RT |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|
| Efficiency | | |
| Max. efficiency | 98.40 % | 98.50 % |
| European efficiency | 97.70 % | 97.80 % |
| Protection & Function | | |
| Grid monitoring | Yes | |
| DC reverse connection | Yes | |
| protection | 165 | |
| AC short-circuit protection | Yes | |
| Leakage current protection | Yes | |
| DC switch | optional** | |
| PID recovery function | Yes | |
| Surge protection | DC Type II, AC Type II | |
| Arc fault circuit interrupter | optional | |
| (AFCI) | | |
| General Data | | |
| Dimensions (W x H x D) | 370 mm x 480 mm x 195 mm | |
| Mounting method | Wall-mounting bracket | |
| Weight | 18 kg | |
| Topology | Transformerless | |
| Degree of protection | IP65 | |
| Operating ambient temper- | 25°C to 1 00°C | |
| ature range | -25°C to +60°C | |
| Allowable relative humidity | 0–100 % | |
| range (non-condensing) | 0-100 % | |
| Max. operating altitude | 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) | |
| Cooling method | Natural cooling | |
| Display | LED | |
| Communication | WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / D | I / DO |
| DC connection type | MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) | |
| AC connection type | Plug and play | |
| Country of manufacture | China | |
| | | |

^{*} The inverter enters standby state when the input voltage ranges between 1,000 V and 1,100 V. If the maximum DC voltage in the system can exceed 1,000 V, the MC4 connectors included in the scope of delivery must not be used. In this case MC4-Evo2 connectors must be used.

^{**} For inverters without a DC switch, it is necessary to prepare an external DC switch according to AS 60947.3.

| Input (DC) Recommended max. PV input power 15.0 kWp 18.0 kWp 18.0 kWp Max. PV input voltage 1100 V " 180 V / 180 V 180 V / 180 V / 180 V 180 V / 1 | Parameter | SG10RT | SG12RT |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Max. PV input voltage | Input (DC) | | |
| Min. PV input voltage / Start-up input voltage 180 V / 180 V Nominal input voltage 600 V MPP voltage range 160 V-1000 V No. of independent MPP inputs 2 No. of PV strings per MPPT 2 / 1 Max. PV input current 37.5 A (25 A / 12.5 A) Max. DC short-circuit current 48 A (32 A / 16 A) Cutput (AC) 10000 W Nominal AC power (@ 230 V, 50 Hz) 10000 W Max. AC output power 10000 VA for "AU", "BE", "DE", 13200 VA for others Rated AC output apparent power 10000 VA for "AU", "BE", "DE", 13200 VA for others Max. AC output current 15.2 A for "AU", 16.7 A for others "DE", 13200 VA for others Max. AC output current 15.2 A for "AU", 16.7 A for others "BE", 1220 V A for others Max. AC output current 3 / N / PE, 220 V / 380 V 18.2 A for "AU", 20.0 A for others Max. AC output current 3 / N / PE, 230 V / 400 V 3 / N / PE, 240 V / 415 V AC voltage range 180 V – 276 V / 311 V – 478 V Nominal grid frequency / Grid frequency / Go Hz / (45 Hz – 55 Hz) 60 Hz / (55 Hz – 65 Hz) Harmonic (THD) < 3 % (at rated power) | | 15.0 kWp | 18.0 kWp |
| Start-up input voltage | Max. PV input voltage | 1100 V * | |
| MPP voltage range 160 V–1000 V No. of independent MPP inputs 2 No. of PV strings per MPPT 2 / 1 Max. PV input current 37.5 A (25 A / 12.5 A) Max. DC short-circuit current 48 A (32 A / 16 A) Output (AC) Nominal AC power (@ 230 V, 50 Hz) 10000 W 12000 W Max. AC output power 10000 VA for "AU", "BE", "DE", 13200 VA for "AU", "BE", "DE", 13200 VA for "AU", "BE", "DE", 13200 VA for others "DE", 13200 V | | 180 V / 180 V | |
| No. of independent MPP inputs 2 | Nominal input voltage | 600 V | |
| Iniputs 2 | MPP voltage range | 160 V–1000 V | |
| Max. PV input current 37.5 A (25 A / 12.5 A) Max. DC short-circuit current 48 A (32 A / 16 A) Output (AC) Nominal AC power (@ 230 V, 50 Hz) 10000 W 12000 W Max. AC output power 10000 VA for "AU", "BE", "DE", 13200 VA for others "DE", 13200 VA for others Rated AC output apparent power "DE", 11000 VA for others "DE", 13200 VA for others Max. AC output current 15.2 A for "AU", "BE", "DE", 13200 VA for others Max. AC output current 15.2 A for "AU", 16.7 A for others 18.2 A for "AU", 20.0 A for others Nominal AC voltage 3 / N / PE, 230 V / 400 V 3 / N / PE, 230 V / 415 V AC voltage range 180 V-276 V / 311 V - 478 V Nominal grid frequency / Grid frequency range 50 Hz / (45 Hz-55 Hz) 60 Hz / (55 Hz-65 Hz) 60 Hz / (55 Hz-65 Hz) Harmonic (THD) < 3 % (at rated power) | • | 2 | |
| Max. DC short-circuit current 48 A (32 A / 16 A) Output (AC) Nominal AC power (@ 230 V, 50 Hz) 10000 W 12000 W Max. AC output power 10000 VA for "AU", "BE", "DE", 13200 VA for 'AU", "BE", "DE", 13200 VA for others Rated AC output apparent power 10000 VA for "AU", "BE", "DE", 13200 VA for 'AU", "BE", "DE", 13200 VA for others Max. AC output current 15.2 A for "AU", 16.7 A for others 18.2 A for "AU", 20.0 A for others Nominal AC voltage 3 / N / PE, 220 V / 380 V AC voltage range 180 V - 276 V / 311 V - 478 V Nominal grid frequency / Grid frequency range 60 Hz / (55 Hz - 55 Hz) Grid frequency range 60 Hz / (55 Hz - 65 Hz) Harmonic (THD) < 3 % (at rated power) | No. of PV strings per MPPT | 2/1 | |
| Current Output (AC) Nominal AC power (@ 230 V, 50 Hz) Max. AC output power Rated AC output apparent power Power Nominal AC voltage Nominal AC voltage AC voltage range AC voltage range Harmonic (THD) Power factor at nominal power / Adjustable power factor Feed-in phases / connection phases Efficiency Mominal AC power (@ 230 V, 50 AC voltage v) | Max. PV input current | 37.5 A (25 A / 12.5 A) | |
| Nominal AC power (@ 230 V, 50 Hz) 10000 W 12000 W Max. AC output power 10000 VA for "AU", "BE", "DE", 13200 VA for "AU", "BE", "DE", 13200 VA for others Rated AC output apparent power 10000 VA for "AU", "BE", "DE", 13200 VA for "AU", "BE", "DE", 13200 VA for others Max. AC output current 15.2 A for "AU", 16.7 A for others 18.2 A for "AU", 20.0 A for others Max. AC output current 3 / N / PE, 220 V / 380 V 18.2 A for "AU", 20.0 A for others Nominal AC voltage 3 / N / PE, 230 V / 400 V 3 / N / PE, 240 V / 415 V AC voltage range 180 V-276 V / 311 V-478 V Nominal grid frequency / Grid frequency range 50 Hz / (45 Hz-55 Hz) Grid frequency range 60 Hz / (55 Hz-65 Hz) Harmonic (THD) < 3 % (at rated power) | | 48 A (32 A / 16 A) | |
| V, 50 Hz) 10000 W 12000 W Max. AC output power 10000 VA for "AU", "BE", "DE", 13200 VA for "AU", "BE", "DE", 13200 VA for others Rated AC output apparent power 10000 VA for "AU", "BE", "DE", 13200 VA for others Max. AC output current 15.2 A for "AU", 16.7 A for others 18.2 A for "AU", 20.0 A for others Max. AC output current 3 / N / PE, 220 V / 380 V Nominal AC voltage 3 / N / PE, 230 V / 400 V 3 / N / PE, 240 V / 415 V AC voltage range 180 V-276 V / 311 V-478 V Nominal grid frequency / Grid frequency range 60 Hz / (45 Hz-55 Hz) Grid frequency range 60 Hz / (55 Hz-65 Hz) Harmonic (THD) < 3 % (at rated power) | Output (AC) | | |
| Max. AC output power "DE", 11000 VA for others "DE", 13200 VA for others Rated AC output apparent power 10000 VA for "AU", "BE", 12000 VA for "AU", "BE", DE", 11000 VA for others 12000 VA for "AU", "BE", DE", 13200 VA for others Max. AC output current 15.2 A for "AU", 16.7 A for others 18.2 A for "AU", 20.0 A for others Nominal AC voltage 3 / N / PE, 220 V / 380 V AC voltage range 180 V – 276 V / 311 V – 478 V Nominal grid frequency / Grid frequency range 50 Hz / (45 Hz – 55 Hz) Grid frequency range 60 Hz / (55 Hz – 65 Hz) Harmonic (THD) < 3 % (at rated power) | | 10000 W | 12000 W |
| The power The | Max. AC output power | | |
| Max. AC output current 15.2 A for "AU", 16.7 A for others 18.2 A for "AU", 20.0 A for others Nominal AC voltage 3 / N / PE, 220 V / 380 V AC voltage range 180 V – 276 V / 415 V AC voltage range 180 V – 276 V / 311 V – 478 V Nominal grid frequency / Grid frequency range 50 Hz / (45 Hz – 55 Hz) Harmonic (THD) < 3 % (at rated power) | Rated AC output apparent | 10000 VA for "AU", "BE", | 12000 VA for "AU", "BE", |
| Max. AC output current others others 3 / N / PE, 220 V / 380 V Nominal AC voltage 3 / N / PE, 230 V / 400 V 3 / N / PE, 240 V / 415 V AC voltage range 180 V-276 V / 311 V-478 V Nominal grid frequency / Grid frequency range 60 Hz / (55 Hz-65 Hz) Harmonic (THD) Power factor at nominal power / Adjustable power factor Feed-in phases / connection phases Efficiency | power | "DE", 11000 VA for others | "DE", 13200 VA for others |
| Nominal AC voltage 3 / N / PE, 230 V / 400 V 3 / N / PE, 240 V / 415 V AC voltage range 180 V-276 V / 311 V-478 V Nominal grid frequency / 50 Hz / (45 Hz-55 Hz) Grid frequency range 60 Hz / (55 Hz-65 Hz) Harmonic (THD) Power factor at nominal power / Adjustable power / Adjustable power factor Feed-in phases / connection phases Efficiency | Max. AC output current | | |
| 3 / N / PE, 240 V / 415 V AC voltage range 180 V–276 V / 311 V–478 V Nominal grid frequency / 50 Hz / (45 Hz–55 Hz) Grid frequency range 60 Hz / (55 Hz–65 Hz) Harmonic (THD) < 3 % (at rated power) Power factor at nominal power / Adjustable power | | 3 / N / PE, 220 V / 380 V | |
| AC voltage range 180 V-276 V / 311 V-478 V Nominal grid frequency / 50 Hz / (45 Hz-55 Hz) Grid frequency range 60 Hz / (55 Hz-65 Hz) Harmonic (THD) < 3 % (at rated power) Power factor at nominal power / Adjustable power | Nominal AC voltage | 3 / N / PE, 230 V / 400 V | |
| Nominal grid frequency / 50 Hz / (45 Hz–55 Hz) Grid frequency range 60 Hz / (55 Hz–65 Hz) Harmonic (THD) < 3 % (at rated power) Power factor at nominal power / Adjustable power | | 3 / N / PE, 240 V / 415 V | |
| Grid frequency range 60 Hz / (55 Hz–65 Hz) Harmonic (THD) < 3 % (at rated power) Power factor at nominal power / Adjustable power factor Feed-in phases / connection phases Efficiency | AC voltage range | 180 V-276 V / 311 V-478 V | |
| Harmonic (THD) < 3 % (at rated power) Power factor at nominal power / Adjustable power | Nominal grid frequency / | 50 Hz / (45 Hz–55 Hz) | |
| Power factor at nominal power / Adjustable power factor Feed-in phases / connection phases Efficiency > 0.99 / 0.8 leading-0.8 lagging 3 / 3-PE | Grid frequency range | 60 Hz / (55 Hz–65 Hz) | |
| power / Adjustable power > 0.99 / 0.8 leading=0.8 lagging factor Feed-in phases / connection phases Efficiency 3 / 3=PE | Harmonic (THD) | < 3 % (at rated power) | |
| factor Feed-in phases / connection phases Efficiency 3 / 3-PE Efficiency | Power factor at nominal | | |
| tion phases 8 / 3–PE Efficiency | | > 0.99 / 0.8 leading–0.8 laggi | ng |
| | · | 3/3-PE | |
| Max. efficiency 98.50 % | Efficiency | | |
| | Max. efficiency | 98.50 % | |

| Parameter | SG10RT | SG12RT |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|
| European efficiency | 97.90 % | |
| Protection & Function | | |
| Grid monitoring | Yes | |
| DC reverse connection | Yes | |
| protection | 165 | |
| AC short circuit protection | Yes | |
| Leakage current protection | Yes | |
| DC switch | optional** | |
| PID recovery function | Yes | |
| Surge protection | DC Type II / AC Type II | |
| Arc fault circuit interrupter | optional | |
| (AFCI) | | |
| General Data | | |
| Dimensions (W x H x D) | 370 mm x 480 mm x 195 mm | |
| Mounting method | Wall-mounting bracket | |
| Weight | 18 kg | |
| Topology | Transformerless | |
| Degree of protection | IP65 | |
| Operating ambient temper- | 05004 + 0000 | |
| ature range | -25°C to +60°C | |
| Allowable relative humidity | 0–100 % | |
| range (non-condensing) | 0-100 /0 | |
| Max. operating altitude | 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) | |
| Cooling method | Natural cooling | |
| Display | LED | |
| Communication | WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / D | I / DO |
| DC connection type | MC4 (Max. 6 mm ²) | |
| AC connection type | Plug and play | |
| Country of manufacture | China | |

^{*} The inverter enters standby state when the input voltage ranges between 1,000 V and 1,100 V. If the maximum DC voltage in the system can exceed 1,000 V, the MC4 connectors included in the scope of delivery must not be used. In this case MC4-Evo2 connectors must be used.

^{**} For inverters without a DC switch, it is necessary to prepare an external DC switch according to AS 60947.3.

| Parameter | SG15RT | SG17RT | SG20RT |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Input (DC) | | | |
| Recommended max. PV in- | 00 E IAM | 05 5 LAM: | 20.0 1/1/2 |
| put power | 22.5 kWp | 25.5 kWp | 30.0 kWp |
| Max. PV input voltage | 1100 V * | | |
| Min. PV input voltage / | 400 \/ / 400 \/ | | |
| Start-up input voltage | 180 V / 180 V | | |
| Nominal input voltage | 600 V | | |
| MPP voltage range | 160 V–1000 V | | |
| No. of independent MPP inputs | 2 | | |
| No. number of PV strings per MPPT | 2/2 | | |
| Max. PV input current | 50 A (25 A / 25 A) | | |
| Max. DC short-circuit current | 64 A (32 A / 32 A) | | |
| Output (AC) | | | |
| Nominal AC power (@ 230 | 15000 W | 17000 W | 20000 W |
| V, 50 Hz) | | 470001/4 (| 000001/4.6 |
| | 15000 VA for "AU", | 17000 VA for "AU", "BE", "DE", | 20000 VA for "AU", "BE", "DE", |
| Max. AC output power | "BE", "DE", 16500 | 18700 VA for | 22000 VA for |
| | VA for others | others | others |
| | | 17000 VA for | 20000 VA for |
| Rated AC output apparent | 15000 VA for "AU", | "AU", "BE", "DE", | "AU", "BE", "DE", |
| power | "BE", "DE", 16500 VA for others | 18700 VA for | 22000 VA for |
| | VA IOI Others | others | others |
| Max. AC output current | 22.7 A for "AU", | 25.8 A for "AU", | 30.3 A for "AU", |
| · | 25 A for others | 28.3 A for others | 31.9 A for others |
| | 3 / N / PE, 220 V / 3 | | |
| Nominal AC voltage | 3 / N / PE, 230 V / 4 | | |
| | 3 / N / PE, 240 V / 4 | | |
| AC voltage range | | 180 V-276 V / 311 V-478 V | |
| Nominal grid frequency / | 50 Hz / (45 Hz–55 Hz) | | |
| Grid frequency range | 60 Hz / (55 Hz–65 Hz) | | |
| Harmonic (THD) | < 3 % (at nominal p | ower) | |

| Power factor at nominal power / Adjustable power factor Feed-in phases / connection phases Efficiency Max. efficiency 98.50 % European efficiency 98.10 % Protection & Function Grid monitoring Yes DC reverse connection protection AC short-circuit protection Leakage current protection PC switch PID recovery function Surge protection Arc fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) General Data Dimensions (W x H x D) Degree of protection Pe65 Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude AC connection type Plug and play Country of manufacture Plug and play Country of manufacture Plug and play Country of manufacture Plug and play Plug and play Country of manufacture | Parameter | SG15RT | SG17RT | SG20RT |
|--|-------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|--------|
| factor Feed-in phases / connection phases Efficiency Max. efficiency 98.50 % European efficiency 98.10 % Protection & Function Grid monitoring Yes DC reverse connection yes protection AC short-circuit protection Yes Leakage current protection Yes DC switch optional** PID recovery function Yes Surge protection DC Type II / AC Type II Arc fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) General Data Dimensions (W x H x D) 370 mm x 480 mm x 195 mm Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket Weight 21 kg Topology Transformerless Degree of protection IP65 Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) Cooling method Smart forced air cooling Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) AC connection type Plug and play | Power factor at nominal | | | |
| Feed-in phases / connection phases Efficiency Max. efficiency 98.50 % European efficiency 98.10 % Protection & Function Grid monitoring Yes DC reverse connection yes protection AC short-circuit protection Yes Leakage current protection Yes DC switch optional** PID recovery function Yes Surge protection DC Type II / AC Type II Arc fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) General Data Dimensions (W x H x D) 370 mm x 480 mm x 195 mm Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket Weight 21 kg Topology Transformerless Degree of protection IP65 Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) Cooling method WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) AC connection type Plug and play | power / Adjustable power | > 0.99 / 0.8 lea | ding–0.8 lagging | |
| Tion phases Efficiency Max. efficiency 98.50 % European efficiency 98.10 % Protection & Function Frosters connection Grid monitoring Yes DC reverse connection Yes DC reverse connection Yes AC short-circuit protection Yes Leakage current protection Yes DC switch optional** PID recovery function Yes Surge protection DC Type II / AC Type II Arc fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) optional General Data Topional Dimensions (W x H x D) 370 mm x 480 mm x 195 mm Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket Weight 21 kg Topology Transformerless Degree of protection IP65 Operating ambient temperature range -25°C to +60°C Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) 0-100 % Max. operating altitude 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) Cooling method Smart forced air cooling Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type Plug and play | factor | | | |
| Efficiency Max. efficiency Protection & Function Grid monitoring Creverse connection AC short-circuit protection Leakage current protection PID recovery function Are fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) General Data Dimensions (W x H x D) Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket Weight 21 kg Topology Transformerless Degree of protection IP65 Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude Communication MCA (Max. 6 mm²) AC connection type Piug and play Pes 98.50 % 98.10 % Pes 98.10 % P | Feed-in phases / connec- | 2/2 | | |
| Max. efficiency 98.50 % European efficiency 98.10 % Protection & Function Grid monitoring Yes DC reverse connection Yes protection AC short-circuit protection Yes Leakage current protection Yes DC switch optional** PID recovery function Yes Surge protection DC Type II / AC Type II Arc fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) General Data Dimensions (W x H x D) 370 mm x 480 mm x 195 mm Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket Weight 21 kg Topology Transformerless Degree of protection IP65 Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) Cooling method Smart forced air cooling Display LED Communication WCA (Max. 6 mm²) Possessing Allowable plug and play Pug and play | tion phases | 3/3 | | |
| European efficiency 98.10 % Protection & Function Grid monitoring Yes DC reverse connection Yes Leakage current protection Yes DC switch optional" PID recovery function Yes Surge protection DC Type II / AC Type II Arc fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) General Data Dimensions (W x H x D) 370 mm x 480 mm x 195 mm Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket Weight 21 kg Topology Transformerless Degree of protection IP65 Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) Cooling method Smart forced air cooling Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type Plug and play Plug and play | Efficiency | | | |
| Protection & Function Grid monitoring DC reverse connection protection AC short-circuit protection Leakage current protection PDC switch PID recovery function Surge protection Arc fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) General Data Dimensions (W x H x D) Dimensions (W x H x D) Degree of protection Pegs Degree of protection Pegs Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude AC connection type MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) AC sonnection type Plug and play Pess Pess Pess Pess Pess Pess Pess Pes | Max. efficiency | 98.50 % | | |
| Grid monitoring Yes DC reverse connection Yes DC reverse connection Yes AC short-circuit protection Yes Leakage current protection Yes DC switch optional" PID recovery function Yes Surge protection DC Type II / AC Type II Arc fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) General Data Dimensions (W x H x D) 370 mm x 480 mm x 195 mm Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket Weight 21 kg Topology Transformerless Degree of protection IP65 Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) Cooling method Smart forced air cooling Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type Plug and play Plug and play | European efficiency | 98.10 % | | |
| DC reverse connection protection AC short-circuit protection Leakage current protection PID recovery function Surge protection Are fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) General Data Dimensions (W x H x D) Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket Weight Topology Transformerless Degree of protection Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude Cooling method Display LED Communication MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) Pyes Ves Yes Yes Allowable relative protection Ves Yes Optional Yes Yes Optional Yes Uspe II AC Type II Optional Yes Uspe II AC Type II Optional Yes | Protection & Function | | | |
| Protection AC short-circuit protection Leakage current protection PC switch PID recovery function Arc fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) General Data Dimensions (W x H x D) Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket Weight 21 kg Topology Transformerless Degree of protection Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude Cooling method Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type Plug and play Pes Optional Yes Optional Ye | Grid monitoring | Yes | | |
| AC short-circuit protection Leakage current protection DC switch PID recovery function Arc fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) General Data Dimensions (W x H x D) Mounting method Weight 21 kg Topology Transformerless Degree of protection Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude Cooling method MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) PC switch Yes Optional Yes Optional Yes Optional Yes Optional | DC reverse connection | Yes | | |
| Leakage current protection Yes DC switch optional** PID recovery function Yes Surge protection DC Type II / AC Type II Arc fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) General Data Dimensions (W x H x D) 370 mm x 480 mm x 195 mm Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket Weight 21 kg Topology Transformerless Degree of protection IP65 Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) Cooling method Smart forced air cooling Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) Plug and play | protection | | | |
| DC switch optional** PID recovery function Yes Surge protection DC Type II / AC Type II Arc fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) General Data Dimensions (W x H x D) 370 mm x 480 mm x 195 mm Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket Weight 21 kg Topology Transformerless Degree of protection IP65 Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) Cooling method Smart forced air cooling Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type Plug and play Plug and play | AC short-circuit protection | Yes | | |
| PID recovery function Surge protection DC Type II / AC Type II Arc fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) General Data Dimensions (W x H x D) Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket Weight 21 kg Topology Transformerless Degree of protection Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude Altitude Cooling method WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type Plug and play Potional Pot Type II / AC Type II | Leakage current protection | Yes | | |
| Surge protection DC Type II / AC Type II Arc fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) General Data Dimensions (W x H x D) 370 mm x 480 mm x 195 mm Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket Weight 21 kg Topology Transformerless Degree of protection IP65 Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) Cooling method Smart forced air cooling Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type Plug and play Page 1 / AC Type II / AC Type II optional applications Optional 196 400 m x 195 Topology 197 198 199 190 190 190 190 190 190 | DC switch | optional** | | |
| Arc fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) General Data Dimensions (W x H x D) 370 mm x 480 mm x 195 mm Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket Weight 21 kg Topology Transformerless Degree of protection IP65 Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) Cooling method Smart forced air cooling Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) Allowable relative interrupter optional strength optional streng | PID recovery function | Yes | | |
| General Data Dimensions (W x H x D) 370 mm x 480 mm x 195 mm Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket Weight 21 kg Topology Transformerless Degree of protection IP65 Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) Cooling method Smart forced air cooling Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type Plug and play | Surge protection | DC Type II / AC | C Type II | |
| Dimensions (W x H x D) 370 mm x 480 mm x 195 mm Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket Weight 21 kg Topology Transformerless Degree of protection IP65 Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) Cooling method Smart forced air cooling Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) Allowable relative humidity range (max. 2000 m derating) | Arc fault circuit interrupter | optional | | |
| Dimensions (W x H x D) Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket Weight 21 kg Topology Transformerless Degree of protection Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude Cooling method Smart forced air cooling Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type Also mm x 480 mm x 195 mm Wall-mounting bracket 21 kg Transformerless -25°C to +60°C | (AFCI) | | | |
| Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket Weight 21 kg Topology Transformerless Degree of protection IP65 Operating ambient temperature range -25°C to +60°C Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) 0-100 % Max. operating altitude 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) Cooling method Smart forced air cooling Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) AC connection type Plug and play | General Data | | | |
| Weight 21 kg Topology Transformerless Degree of protection IP65 Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) Cooling method Smart forced air cooling Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) AC connection type Plug and play | Dimensions (W x H x D) | 370 mm x 480 | mm x 195 mm | |
| Topology Transformerless Degree of protection IP65 Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) Cooling method Smart forced air cooling Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) AC connection type Plug and play | Mounting method | Wall-mounting | bracket | |
| Degree of protection IP65 Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) Cooling method Smart forced air cooling Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) AC connection type Plug and play | Weight | 21 kg | | |
| Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude Cooling method Display Communication DC connection type AC connection type -25°C to +60°C -25°C to +60°C -100 % 0-100 % Smart forced air cooling ED WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) Plug and play | Topology | Transformerles | SS | |
| Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) Cooling method Smart forced air cooling Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) AC connection type Plug and play | Degree of protection | IP65 | | |
| Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) Cooling method Smart forced air cooling Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) AC connection type Plug and play | • | -25°C to +60°C | C | |
| range (non-condensing) Max. operating altitude 4000 m (> 2000 m derating) Cooling method Smart forced air cooling Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) AC connection type Plug and play | | | | |
| Cooling method Smart forced air cooling Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) AC connection type Plug and play | • | 0–100 % | | |
| Display LED Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) AC connection type Plug and play | Max. operating altitude | 4000 m (> 200 | 0 m derating) | |
| Communication WLAN / Ethernet / RS485 / DI / DO DC connection type MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) AC connection type Plug and play | Cooling method | Smart forced a | ir cooling | |
| DC connection type MC4 (Max. 6 mm²) AC connection type Plug and play | Display | LED | | |
| AC connection type Plug and play | Communication | WLAN / Ethern | et / RS485 / DI / DO | |
| | DC connection type | MC4 (Max. 6 m | nm²) | |
| Country of manufacture China | AC connection type | Plug and play | | |
| | Country of manufacture | China | | |

* The inverter enters standby state when the input voltage ranges between 1,000 V and 1,100 V. If the maximum DC voltage in the system can exceed 1,000 V, the MC4 connectors included in the scope of delivery must not be used. In this case MC4-Evo2 connectors must be used.

** For inverters without a DC switch, it is necessary to prepare an external DC switch according to AS 60947.3.

10.2 Quality Assurance

When product faults occur during the warranty period, SUNGROW will provide free service or replace the product with a new one.

Evidence

During the warranty period, the customer shall provide the product purchase invoice and date. In addition, the trademark on the product shall be undamaged and legible. Otherwise, SUNGROW has the right to refuse to honor the quality guarantee.

Conditions

- After replacement, unqualified products shall be processed by SUNGROW.
- The customer shall give SUNGROW a reasonable period to repair the faulty device.

Exclusion of Liability

In the following circumstances, SUNGROW has the right to refuse to honor the quality guarantee:

- The free warranty period for the whole machine/components has expired.
- · The device is damaged during transport.
- The device is incorrectly installed, refitted, or used.
- The device operates in harsh conditions beyond those described in this manual.
- The fault or damage is caused by installation, repairs, modification, or disassembly performed by a service provider or personnel not from SUNGROW.
- The fault or damage is caused by the use of non-standard or non-SUNGROW components or software.
- The installation and use range are beyond stipulations of relevant international standards.
- The damage is caused by unexpected natural factors.

For faulty products in any of above cases, if the customer requests maintenance, paid maintenance service may be provided based on the judgment of SUNGROW.

10.3 Contact Information

Should you have any question about this product, please contact us.

We need the following information to provide you the best assistance:

- Model of the device
- Serial number of the device
- Date of the device
- Fault code/name
- Brief description of the problem

| China (HQ) | Australia |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Sungrow Power Supply Co., Ltd | Sungrow Australia Group Pty. Ltd. |
| Hefei | Sydney |
| +86 551 65327834 | +61 2 9922 1522 |
| service@sungrowpower.com | service@sungrowpower.com.au |
| Brazil | France |
| Sungrow Do Brasil | Sungrow France |
| Sao Paulo | Lyon |
| +55 0800 677 6000 | +33420102107 |
| latam.service@sungrowamericas.com | service@sungrow-emea.com |
| Germany, Austria, Switzerland | Greece |
| Sungrow Deutschland GmbH | Service Partner – Survey Digital |
| Munich | +30 2391052757 |
| +49 (0)89 1307 2620 | service@sungrow-emea.com |
| service@sungrow-emea.com | |
| India | Italy |
| Sungrow (India) Private Limited | Sungrow Italy |
| Gurgaon | Verona |
| +91 080 41201350 | +39 0800 974739 (Residential) |
| service@in.sungrowpower.com | +39 045 4752117 (Others) |
| | service@sungrow-emea.com |
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| Sungrow Japan K.K. | Sungrow Power Korea Limited |
| Tokyo | Seoul |
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| Malaysia | Philippines |
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| Selangor Darul Ehsan | Mandaluyong City |
| +60 19 897 3360 | +63 9173022769 |
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| Service Partner - Elerex | Sungrow Deutschland GmbH Turkey |
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| | 301 VICE (@ 3d ligi OW - Cilica. 3011) |
| UK | U.S.A, Mexico |
| UK Sungrow Power UK Ltd. | |
| | U.S.A, Mexico |
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| Sungrow Power UK Ltd. Milton Keynes | U.S.A, Mexico Sungrow USA Corporation Phoenix |
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